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BUILDING & SAFETY DIVISION

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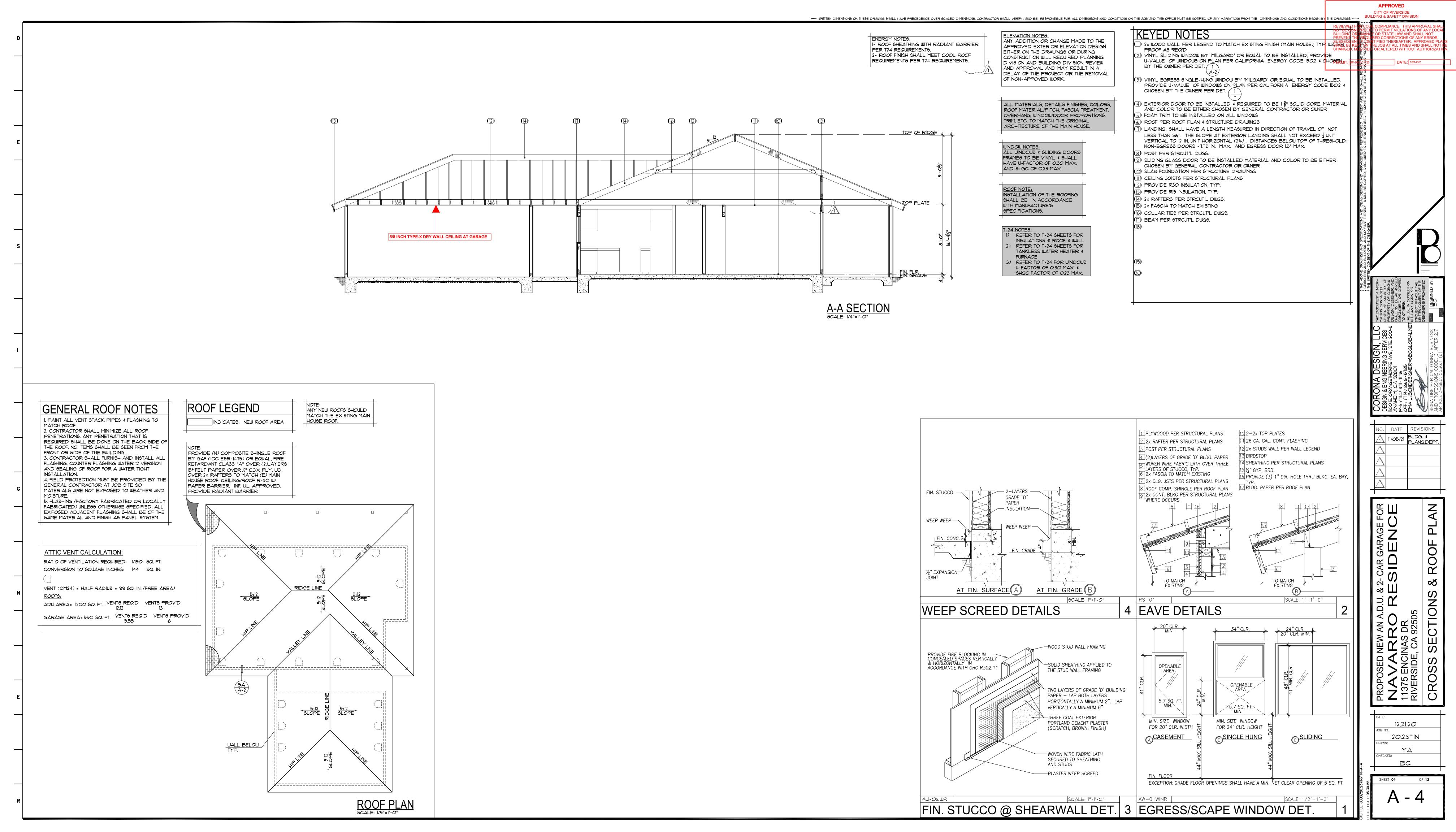
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## 2019 CALIFORNIA GREEN BUILDING STANDARDS CODE

RESIDENTIAL MANDATORY MEASURES, SHEET 1 (January 2020, Includes August 2019 Supplement) NA RESPON. CHAPTER 3 **GREEN BUILDING** SECTION 301 GENERAL DIVISION 4.4 MATERIAL CONSERVATION AND RESOURCE DIVISION 4.3 WATER EFFICIENCY AND CONSERVATION 4.106.4.2.1.1 Electric Vehicle Charging Stations (EVCS) When EV chargers are installed, EV spaces 301.1 SCOPE. Buildings shall be designed to include the green building measures specified as mandatory in required by Section 4.106.2.2, Item 3, shall comply with at least one of the following options: **EFFICIENCY** the application checklists contained in this code. Voluntary green building measures are also included in the 4.303 INDOOR WATER USE application checklists and may be included in the design and construction of structures covered by this code, 1. The EV space shall be located adjacent to an accessible parking space meeting the 4.406 ENHANCED DURABILITY AND REDUCED MAINTENANCE 4.303.1 WATER CONSERVING PLUMBING FIXTURES AND FITTINGS. Plumbing fixtures (water closets and requirements of the California Building Code, Chapter 11A, to allow use of the EV charger but are not required unless adopted by a city, county, or city and county as specified in Section 101.7. 4.406.1 RODENT PROOFING. Annular spaces around pipes, electric cables, conduits or other openings in urinals) and fittings (faucets and showerheads) shall comply with the sections 4.303.1.1, 4.303.1.2, 4.303.1.3, from the accessible parking space. sole/bottom plates at exterior walls shall be protected against the passage of rodents by closing such 301.1.1 Additions and alterations. [HCD] The mandatory provisions of Chapter 4 shall be applied to 2. The EV space shall be located on an accessible route, as defined in the California Building openings with cement mortar, concrete masonry or a similar method acceptable to the enforcing additions or alterations of existing residential buildings where the addition or alteration increases the Code, Chapter 2, to the building. Note: All noncompliant plumbing fixtures in any residential real property shall be replaced with water-conserving building's conditioned area, volume, or size. The requirements shall apply only to and/or within the plumbing fixtures. Plumbing fixture replacement is required prior to issuance of a certificate of final Exception: Electric vehicle charging stations designed and constructed in compliance with the 4.408 CONSTRUCTION WASTE REDUCTION, DISPOSAL AND RECYCLING completion, certificate of occupancy, or final permit approval by the local building department. See Civil California Building Code, Chapter 11B, are not required to comply with Section 4.106.4.2.1.1 and Code Section 1101.1, et seq., for the definition of a noncompliant plumbing fixture, types of residential 4.408.1 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT. Recycle and/or salvage for reuse a minimum of 65 Note: On and after January 1, 2014, residential buildings undergoing permitted alterations, additions, or buildings affected and other important enactment dates. percent of the non-hazardous construction and demolition waste in accordance with either Section improvements shall replace noncompliant plumbing fixtures with water-conserving plumbing fixtures. 4.408.2, 4.408.3 or 4.408.4, or meet a more stringent local construction and demolition waste Plumbing fixture replacement is required prior to issuance of a certificate of final completion, certificate Note: Electric Vehicle charging stations serving public housing are required to comply with the California 4.303.1.1 Water Closets. The effective flush volume of all water closets shall not exceed 1.28 gallons per management ordinance. of occupancy or final permit approval by the local building department. See Civil Code Section 1101.1. Building Code, Chapter 11B. flush. Tank-type water closets shall be certified to the performance criteria of the U.S. EPA WaterSense et seq., for the definition of a noncompliant plumbing fixture, types of residential buildings affected and Specification for Tank-type Toilets. 4.106.4.2.2 Electric vehicle charging space (EV space) dimensions. The EV space shall be other important enactment dates. designed to comply with the following: Note: The effective flush volume of dual flush toilets is defined as the composite, average flush volume Excavated soil and land-clearing debris of two reduced flushes and one full flush. 2. Alternate waste reduction methods developed by working with local agencies if diversion or 301.2 LOW-RISE AND HIGH-RISE RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS. [HCD] The provisions of . The minimum length of each EV space shall be 18 feet (5486 mm). recycle facilities capable of compliance with this item do not exist or are not located reasonably individual sections of CALGreen may apply to either low-rise residential buildings high-rise residential The minimum width of each EV space shall be 9 feet (2743 mm). 4.303.1.2 Urinals. The effective flush volume of wall mounted urinals shall not exceed 0.125 gallons per flush. buildings, or both. Individual sections will be designated by banners to indicate where the section applies . One in every 25 EV spaces, but not less than one EV space, shall have an 8-foot (2438 mm) The effective flush volume of all other urinals shall not exceed 0.5 gallons per flush. 3. The enforcing agency may make exceptions to the requirements of this section when isolated specifically to low-rise only (LR) or high-rise only (HR). When the section applies to both low-rise and wide minimum aisle. A 5-foot (1524 mm) wide minimum aisle shall be permitted provided the jobsites are located in areas beyond the haul boundaries of the diversion facility. high-rise buildings, no banner will be used. minimum width of the EV space is 12 feet (3658 mm). 4.408.2 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN. Submit a construction waste management plan a. Surface slope for this EV space and the aisle shall not exceed 1 unit vertical in 48 units in conformance with Items 1 through 5. The construction waste management plan shall be updated as 4.303.1.3.1 Single Showerhead. Showerheads shall have a maximum flow rate of not more than 1.8 SECTION 302 MIXED OCCUPANCY BUILDINGS horizontal (2.083 percent slope) in any direction. gallons per minute at 80 psi. Showerheads shall be certified to the performance criteria of the U.S. EPA necessary and shall be available during construction for examination by the enforcing agency. WaterSense Specification for Showerheads. 302.1 MIXED OCCUPANCY BUILDINGS. In mixed occupancy buildings, each portion of a building 1. Identify the construction and demolition waste materials to be diverted from disposal by recycling, shall comply with the specific green building measures applicable to each specific occupancy. 4.106.4.2.3 Single EV space required. Install a listed raceway capable of accommodating a 208/240-4.303.1.3.2 Multiple showerheads serving one shower. When a shower is served by more than one reuse on the project or salvage for future use or sale. volt dedicated branch circuit. The raceway shall not be less than trade size 1 (nominal 1-inch inside showerhead, the combined flow rate of all the showerheads and/or other shower outlets controlled by 2. Specify if construction and demolition waste materials will be sorted on-site (source separated) or diameter). The raceway shall originate at the main service or subpanel and shall terminate into a listed a single valve shall not exceed 1.8 gallons per minute at 80 psi, or the shower shall be designed to only ABBREVIATION DEFINITIONS: cabinet, box or enclosure in close proximity to the proposed location of the EV space. Construction allow one shower outlet to be in operation at a time. 3. Identify diversion facilities where the construction and demolition waste material collected will be Department of Housing and Community Development documents shall identify the raceway termination point. The service panel and/or subpanel shall provide California Building Standards Commission capacity to install a 40-ampere minimum dedicated branch circuit and space(s) reserved to permit Note: A hand-held shower shall be considered a showerhead. 4. Identify construction methods employed to reduce the amount of construction and demolition waste Division of the State Architect, Structural Safety installation of a branch circuit overcurrent protective device. OSHPD Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development 5. Specify that the amount of construction and demolition waste materials diverted shall be calculated Low Rise 4.106.4.2.4 Multiple EV spaces required. Construction documents shall indicate the raceway by weight or volume, but not by both. termination point and proposed location of future EV spaces and EV chargers. Construction documents 4.303.1.4.1 Residential Lavatory Faucets. The maximum flow rate of residential lavatory faucets shall Additions and Alterations shall also provide information on amperage of future EVSE, raceway method(s), wiring schematics and not exceed 1.2 gallons per minute at 60 psi. The minimum flow rate of residential lavatory faucets shall 4.408.3 WASTE MANAGEMENT COMPANY. Utilize a waste management company, approved by the electrical load calculations to verify that the electrical panel service capacity and electrical system, not be less than 0.8 gallons per minute at 20 psi. enforcing agency, which can provide verifiable documentation that the percentage of construction and including any on-site distribution transformer(s), have sufficient capacity to simultaneously charge all EVs demolition waste material diverted from the landfill complies with Section 4.408.1. at all required EV spaces at the full rated amperage of the EVSE. Plan design shall be based upon a 4.303.1.4.2 Lavatory Faucets in Common and Public Use Areas. The maximum flow rate of lavatory 40-ampere minimum branch circuit. Required raceways and related components that are planned to be faucets installed in common and public use areas (outside of dwellings or sleeping units) in residential Note: The owner or contractor may make the determination if the construction and demolition waste installed underground, enclosed, inaccessible or in concealed areas and spaces shall be installed at the RESIDENTIAL MANDATORY MEASURES buildings shall not exceed 0.5 gallons per minute at 60 psi. materials will be diverted by a waste management company. time of original construction. 4.303.1.4.3 Metering Faucets. Metering faucets when installed in residential buildings shall not deliver 4.408.4 WASTE STREAM REDUCTION ALTERNATIVE [LR]. Projects that generate a total combined **DIVISION 4.1 PLANNING AND DESIGN** 4.106.4.2.5 Identification. The service panel or subpanel circuit directory shall identify the overcurrent weight of construction and demolition waste disposed of in landfills, which do not exceed 3.4 protective device space(s) reserved for future EV charging purposes as "EV CAPABLE" in accordance lbs./sq.ft. of the building area shall meet the minimum 65% construction waste reduction requirement in SECTION 4.102 DEFINITIONS with the California Electrical Code. 4.303.1.4.4 Kitchen Faucets. The maximum flow rate of kitchen faucets shall not exceed 1.8 gallons 4.102.1 DEFINITIONS per minute at 60 psi. Kitchen faucets may temporarily increase the flow above the maximum rate, but not to exceed 2.2 gallons per minute at 60 psi, and must default to a maximum flow rate of 1.8 gallons per 4.408.4.1 WASTE STREAM REDUCTION ALTERNATIVE. Projects that generate a total combined The following terms are defined in Chapter 2 (and are included here for reference) 4.106.4.3 New hotels and motels. All newly constructed hotels and motels shall provide EV spaces weight of construction and demolition waste disposed of in landfills, which do not exceed 2 pounds capable of supporting future installation of EVSE. The construction documents shall identify the location FRENCH DRAIN. A trench, hole or other depressed area loosely filled with rock, gravel, fragments of brick or similar per square foot of the building area, shall meet the minimum 65% construction waste reduction of the EV spaces. pervious material used to collect or channel drainage or runoff water. Note: Where complying faucets are unavailable, aerators or other means may be used to achieve requirement in Section 4.408.1 WATTLES. Wattles are used to reduce sediment in runoff. Wattles are often constructed of natural plant materials 4.408.5 DOCUMENTATION. Documentation shall be provided to the enforcing agency which demonstrates 4.303.2 STANDARDS FOR PLUMBING FIXTURES AND FITTINGS. Plumbing fixtures and fittings shall be installed such as hay, straw or similar material shaped in the form of tubes and placed on a downflow slope. Wattles are also compliance with Section 4.408.2, items 1 through 5, Section 4.408.3 or Section 4.408.4.. 1. Construction documents are intended to demonstrate the project's capability and capacity in accordance with the California Plumbing Code, and shall meet the applicable standards referenced in Table used for perimeter and inlet controls. 1701.1 of the California Plumbing Code. 2. There is no requirement for EV spaces to be constructed or available until EV chargers 4.106.1 GENERAL. Preservation and use of available natural resources shall be accomplished through evaluation 1. Sample forms found in "A Guide to the California Green Building Standards Code and careful planning to minimize negative effects on the site and adjacent areas. Preservation of slopes, (Residential)" located at www.hcd.ca.gov/CALGreen.html may be used to assist in 4.106.4.3.1 Number of required EV spaces. The number of required EV spaces shall be based THIS TABLE COMPILES THE DATA IN SECTION 4.303.1, AND management of storm water drainage and erosion controls shall comply with this section. documenting compliance with this section. on the total number of parking spaces provided for all types of parking facilities in accordance with IS INCLUDED AS A CONVENIENCE FOR THE USER. 2. Mixed construction and demolition debris (C & D) processors can be located at the California Table 4.106.4.3.1. Calculations for the required number of EV spaces shall be rounded up to the 4.106.2 STORM WATER DRAINAGE AND RETENTION DURING CONSTRUCTION. Projects which disturb less Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle). than one acre of soil and are not part of a larger common plan of development which in total disturbs one acre 4.410 BUILDING MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION or more, shall manage storm water drainage during construction. In order to manage storm water drainage during construction, one or more of the following measures shall be implemented to prevent flooding of adjacent 4.410.1 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL. At the time of final inspection, a manual, compact TABLE 4.106.4.3.1 FIXTURE TYPE property, prevent erosion and retain soil runoff on the site. disc, web-based reference or other media acceptable to the enforcing agency which includes all of the following shall be placed in the building: NUMBER OF REQUIRED EV TOTAL NUMBER OF PARKING SHOWER HEADS 1.8 GMP @ 80 PSI Retention basins of sufficient size shall be utilized to retain storm water on the site. (RESIDENTIAL) 2. Where storm water is conveyed to a public drainage system, collection point, gutter or similar 1. Directions to the owner or occupant that the manual shall remain with the building throughout the disposal method, water shall be filtered by use of a barrier system, wattle or other method approved life cycle of the structure. LAVATORY FAUCETS MAX. 1.2 GPM @ 60 PSI by the enforcing agency Operation and maintenance instructions for the following: MIN. 0.8 GPM @ 20 PSI (RESIDENTIAL) Compliance with a lawfully enacted storm water management ordinance. a. Equipment and appliances, including water-saving devices and systems, HVAC systems, LAVATORY FAUCETS IN photovoltaic systems, electric vehicle chargers, water-heating systems and other major 0.5 GPM @ 60 PSI Note: Refer to the State Water Resources Control Board for projects which disturb one acre or more of soil, or COMMON & PUBLIC USE AREAS appliances and equipment are part of a larger common plan of development which in total disturbs one acre or more of soil. Roof and yard drainage, including gutters and downspouts. KITCHEN FAUCETS 1.8 GPM @ 60 PSI Space conditioning systems, including condensers and air filters. (Website: https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water\_issues/programs/stormwater/construction.html) Landscape irrigation systems. METERING FAUCETS 0.2 GAL/CYCLE e. Water reuse systems 4.106.3 GRADING AND PAVING. Construction plans shall indicate how the site grading or drainage system will Information from local utility, water and waste recovery providers on methods to further reduce WATER CLOSET 1.28 GAL/FLUSH 76-100 manage all surface water flows to keep water from entering buildings. Examples of methods to manage surface resource consumption, including recycle programs and locations. 0.125 GAL/FLUSH URINALS water include, but are not limited to, the following: Public transportation and/or carpool options available in the area. 101-150 5. Educational material on the positive impacts of an interior relative humidity between 30-60 percent and what methods an occupant may use to maintain the relative humidity level in that range. 151-200 10 Water collection and disposal systems Information about water-conserving landscape and irrigation design and controllers which conserve 201 and over 6 percent of total 4.304 OUTDOOR WATER USE 7. Instructions for maintaining gutters and downspouts and the importance of diverting water at least 5 Water retention gardens 4.304.1 OUTDOOR POTABLE WATER USE IN LANDSCAPE AREAS. Residential developments shall comply with 5. Other water measures which keep surface water away from buildings and aid in groundwater feet away from the foundation a local water efficient landscape ordinance or the current California Department of Water Resources' Model Water 4.106.4.3.2 Electric vehicle charging space (EV space) dimensions. The EV spaces shall be designed to 8. Information on required routine maintenance measures, including, but not limited to, caulking, Efficient Landscape Ordinance (MWELO), whichever is more stringent. painting, grading around the building, etc. Exception: Additions and alterations not altering the drainage path. Information about state solar energy and incentive programs available. . The minimum length of each EV space shall be 18 feet (5486mm). A copy of all special inspections verifications required by the enforcing agency or this code. 4.106.4 Electric vehicle (EV) charging for new construction. New construction shall comply with Sections 2. The minimum width of each EV space shall be 9 feet (2743mm) 1. The Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (MWELO) is located in the California Code Regulations, 4.106.4.1, 4.106.4.2, or 4.106.4.3 to facilitate future installation and use of EV chargers. Electric vehicle supply 4.410.2 RECYCLING BY OCCUPANTS. Where 5 or more multifamily dwelling units are constructed on a Title 23, Chapter 2.7, Division 2. MWELO and supporting documents, including water budget calculator, are 4.106.4.3.3 Single EV space required. When a single EV space is required, the EV space shall be designed equipment (EVSE) shall be installed in accordance with the California Electrical Code, Article 625. building site, provide readily accessible area(s) that serves all buildings on the site and are identified for the available at: https://www.water.ca.gov/ depositing, storage and collection of non-hazardous materials for recycling, including (at a minimum) paper, corrugated cardboard, glass, plastics, organic waster, and metals, or meet a lawfully enacted local recycling 4.106.4.3.4 Multiple EV spaces required. When multiple EV spaces are required, the EV spaces shall be 1. On a case-by-case basis, where the local enforcing agency has determined EV charging and ordinance, if more restrictive. nfrastructure are not feasible based upon one or more of the following conditions: designed in accordance with Section 4.106.4.2.4. Exception: Rural jurisdictions that meet and apply for the exemption in Public Resources Code Section 1.1 Where there is no commercial power supply 1.2 Where there is evidence substantiating that meeting the requirements will alter the local 4.106.4.3.5 Identification. The service panels or sub-panels shall be identified in accordance with Section 42649.82 (a)(2)(A) et seq. are note required to comply with the organic waste portion of utility infrastructure design requirements on the utility side of the meter so as to increase the utility side cost to the homeowner or the developer by more than \$400.00 per 4.106.4.3.6 Accessible EV spaces. In addition to the requirements in Section 4.106.4.3, EV spaces for 2. Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU) and Junior Accessory Dwelling Units (JADU) without additional hotels/motels and all EVSE, when installed, shall comply with the accessibility provisions for the EV charging stations in the California Building Code, Chapter 11B. parking facilities. DIVISION 4.5 ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY 4.106.4.1 New one- and two-family dwellings and townhouses with attached private garages. For each dwelling unit, install a listed raceway to accommodate a dedicated 208/240-volt branch circuit. The raceway **SECTION 4.501 GENERAL** DIVISION 4.2 ENERGY EFFICIENCY shall not be less than trade size 1 (nominal 1-inch inside diameter). The raceway shall originate at the main 4.501.1 Scope service or subpanel and shall terminate into a listed cabinet, box or other enclosure in close proximity to the The provisions of this chapter shall outline means of reducing the quality of air contaminants that are odorous, proposed location of an EV charger. Raceways are required to be continuous at enclosed, inaccessible or irritating and/or harmful to the comfort and well being of a building's installers, occupants and neighbors. 4.201.1 SCOPE. For the purposes of mandatory energy efficiency standards in this code, the California Energy concealed areas and spaces. The service panel and/or subpanel shall provide capacity to install a 40-ampere Commission will continue to adopt mandatory standards. minimum dedicated branch circuit and space(s) reserved to permit installation of a branch circuit overcurrent **SECTION 4.502 DEFINITIONS** 5.102.1 DEFINITIONS The following terms are defined in Chapter 2 (and are included here for reference) 4.106.4.1.1 Identification. The service panel or subpanel circuit directory shall identify the overcurrent protective device space(s) reserved for future EV charging as "EV CAPABLE". The raceway termination AGRIFIBER PRODUCTS. Agrifiber products include wheatboard, strawboard, panel substrates and door location shall be permanently and visibly marked as "EV CAPABLE". cores, not including furniture, fixtures and equipment (FF&E) not considered base building elements. 4.106.4.2 New multifamily dwellings. If residential parking is available, ten (10) percent of the total number of COMPOSITE WOOD PRODUCTS. Composite wood products include hardwood plywood, particleboard and parking spaces on a building site, provided for all types of parking facilities, shall be electric vehicle charging medium density fiberboard. "Composite wood products" does not include hardboard, structural plywood, spaces (EV spaces) capable of supporting future EVSE. Calculations for the required number of EV spaces shall structural panels, structural composite lumber, oriented strand board, glued laminated timber, prefabricated be rounded up to the nearest whole number. wood I-joists or finger-jointed lumber, all as specified in California Code of regulations (CCR), title 17, Section 1. Construction documents are intended to demonstrate the project's capability and capacity for DIRECT-VENT APPLIANCE. A fuel-burning appliance with a sealed combustion system that draws all air for combustion from the outside atmosphere and discharges all flue gases to the outside atmosphere. 2. There is no requirement for EV spaces to be constructed or available until EV chargers are installed 4.106.4.2.1 Electric vehicle charging space (EV space) locations. Construction documents shall indicate the location of proposed EV spaces. Where common use parking is provided at least one EV space shall be located in the common use parking area and shall be available for use by all residents.

DISCLAIMER: THIS DOCUMENT IS PROVIDED AND INTENDED TO BE USED AS A MEANS TO INDICATE AREAS OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE USE OF THIS DOCUMENT, INCLUDING VERIFICATION WITH THE FULL CODE.

CITY OF RIVERSIDE

\*\*\*\*\* WRITTEN DIMENSIONS ON THESE DRAWING SHALL HAVE PRECEDENCE OVER SCALED DIMENSIONS, CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY, AND BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL DIMENSIONS ON THE JOB AND THIS OFFICE MUST BE NOTIFIED OF ANY VARIATIONS FROM THE DIMENSIONS AND CONDITIONS SHOWN BY

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SHEET **04** OF **12** 

1. IF AN ADHESIVE IS USED TO BOND DISSIMILAR SUBSTRATES TOGETHER,

THE ADHESIVE WITH THE HIGHEST VOC CONTENT SHALL BE ALLOWED.

2. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING METHODS TO MEASURE

THE VOC CONTENT SPECIFIED IN THIS TABLE, SEE SOUTH COAST AIR

QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT RULE 1168.

## 2019 CALIFORNIA GREEN BUILDING STANDARDS CODE

RESIDENTIAL MANDATORY MEASURES, SHEET 1 (January 2020, Includes August 2019 Supplement)

NOT APPLICABLE RESPONSIBLE PARTY (ie: ARCHITECT, ENGINEER, OWNER, CONTRACTOR, INSPECTOR ETC.)

**CHAPTER 7** TABLE 4.504.2 - SEALANT VOC LIMIT TABLE 4.504.5 - FORMALDEHYDE LIMITS MAXIMUM INCREMENTAL REACTIVITY (MIR). The maximum change in weight of ozone formed by adding a compound to the "Base Reactive Organic Gas (ROG) Mixture" per weight of compound added, expressed to (Less Water and Less Exempt Compounds in Grams per Liter) MAXIMUM FORMALDEHYDE EMISSIONS IN PARTS PER MILLION hundredths of a gram (g O3/g ROC) 702 QUALIFICATIONS Note: MIR values for individual compounds and hydrocarbon solvents are specified in CCR, Title 17, Sections 94700 SEALANTS **VOC LIMIT CURRENT LIMIT ARCHITECTURAL** 250 HARDWOOD PLYWOOD VENEER CORE MOISTURE CONTENT. The weight of the water in wood expressed in percentage of the weight of the oven-dry wood. MARINE DECK HARDWOOD PLYWOOD COMPOSITE CORE 0.05 PRODUCT-WEIGHTED MIR (PWMIR). The sum of all weighted-MIR for all ingredients in a product subject to this NONMEMBRANE ROOF Examples of acceptable HVAC training and certification programs include but are not limited to the following: PARTICLE BOARD 0.09 article. The PWMIR is the total product reactivity expressed to hundredths of a gram of ozone formed per gram of MEDIUM DENSITY FIBERBOARD 0.11 product (excluding container and packaging). State certified apprenticeship programs. Note: PWMIR is calculated according to equations found in CCR, Title 17, Section 94521 (a). Public utility training programs. SINGLE-PLY ROOF MEMBRANE THIN MEDIUM DENSITY FIBERBOARD2 REACTIVE ORGANIC COMPOUND (ROC). Any compound that has the potential, once emitted, to contribute to 420 VALUES IN THIS TABLE ARE DERIVED FROM THOSE SPECIFIED Other programs acceptable to the enforcing agency. ozone formation in the troposphere. BY THE CALIF. AIR RESOURCES BOARD, AIR TOXICS CONTROL SEALANT PRIMERS MEASURE FOR COMPOSITE WOOD AS TESTED IN ACCORDANCE VOC. A volatile organic compound (VOC) broadly defined as a chemical compound based on carbon chains or rings WITH ASTM E 1333. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, SEE CALIF. ARCHITECTURAL with vapor pressures greater than 0.1 millimeters of mercury at room temperature. These compounds typically contain CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 17, SECTIONS 93120 THROUGH hydrogen and may contain oxygen, nitrogen and other elements. See CCR Title 17, Section 94508(a). **NON-POROUS** 2. THIN MEDIUM DENSITY FIBERBOARD HAS A MAXIMUM **POROUS** 4.503.1 GENERAL. Any installed gas fireplace shall be a direct-vent sealed-combustion type. Any installed considered by the enforcing agency when evaluating the qualifications of a special inspector: THICKNESS OF 5/16" (8 MM). MODIFIED BITUMINOUS woodstove or pellet stove shall comply with U.S. EPA New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) emission limits as applicable, and shall have a permanent label indicating they are certified to meet the emission limits. Woodstoves, MARINE DECK pellet stoves and fireplaces shall also comply with applicable local ordinances. 750 OTHER 4.504 POLLUTANT CONTROL 4.504.1 COVERING OF DUCT OPENINGS & PROTECTION OF MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT DURING DIVISION 4.5 ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY (continued) CONSTRUCTION. At the time of rough installation, during storage on the construction site and until final startup of the heating, cooling and ventilating equipment, all duct and other related air distribution component 4.504.3 CARPET SYSTEMS. All carpet installed in the building interior shall meet the testing and product openings shall be covered with tape, plastic, sheet metal or other methods acceptable to the enforcing agency to reduce the amount of water, dust or debris which may enter the system. 2. HERS raters are special inspectors certified by the California Energy Commission (CEC) to rate 1. Carpet and Rug Institute's Green Label Plus Program. 4.504.2 FINISH MATERIAL POLLUTANT CONTROL. Finish materials shall comply with this section. homes in California according to the Home Energy Rating System (HERS). . California Department of Public Health, "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile TABLE 4.504.3 - VOC CONTENT LIMITS FOR Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers" Version 1.1, 4.504.2.1 Adhesives, Sealants and Caulks. Adhesives, sealant and caulks used on the project shall meet the ARCHITECTURAL COATINGS23 February 2010 (also known as Specification 01350). requirements of the following standards unless more stringent local or regional air pollution or air quality . NSF/ANSI 140 at the Gold level. 4. Scientific Certifications Systems Indoor Advantageтм Gold. management district rules apply: GRAMS OF VOC PER LITER OF COATING, LESS WATER & LESS EXEMPT COMPOUNDS 1. Adhesives, adhesive bonding primers, adhesive primers, sealants, sealant primers and caulks recognized state, national or international association, as determined by the local agency. The area of certification 4.504.3.1 Carpet cushion. All carpet cushion installed in the building interior shall meet the shall comply with local or regional air pollution control or air quality management district rules where COATING CATEGORY **VOC LIMIT** shall be closely related to the primary job function, as determined by the local agency. requirements of the Carpet and Rug Institute's Green Label program. applicable or SCAQMD Rule 1168 VOC limits, as shown in Table 4.504.1 or 4.504.2, as applicable. FLAT COATINGS Such products also shall comply with the Rule 1168 prohibition on the use of certain toxic 4.504.3.2 Carpet adhesive. All carpet adhesive shall meet the requirements of Table 4.504.1. compounds (chloroform, ethylene dichloride, methylene chloride, perchloroethylene and NON-FLAT COATINGS 100 tricloroethylene), except for aerosol products, as specified in Subsection 2 below. 4.504.4 RESILIENT FLOORING SYSTEMS. Where resilient flooring is installed , at least 80% of floor area receiving NONFLAT-HIGH GLOSS COATINGS resilient flooring shall comply with one or more of the following: 2. Aerosol adhesives, and smaller unit sizes of adhesives, and sealant or caulking compounds (in 703 VERIFICATIONS SPECIALTY COATINGS units of product, less packaging, which do not weigh more than 1 pound and do not consist of more 1. Products compliant with the California Department of Public Health, "Standard Method for the Testing and than 16 fluid ounces) shall comply with statewide VOC standards and other requirements, including Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers," ALUMINUM ROOF COATINGS 400 prohibitions on use of certain toxic compounds, of California Code of Regulations, Title 17, Version 1.1, February 2010 (also known as Specification 01350), certified as a CHPS Low-Emitting Material commencing with section 94507. in the Collaborative for High Performance Schools (CHPS) High Performance Products Database. BASEMENT SPECIALTY COATINGS 400 Products certified under UL GREENGUARD Gold (formerly the Greenguard Children & Schools program). the appropriate section or identified applicable checklist. 4.504.2.2 Paints and Coatings. Architectural paints and coatings shall comply with VOC limits in Table 1 of BITUMINOUS ROOF COATINGS Certification under the Resilient Floor Covering Institute (RFCI) FloorScore program. the ARB Architectural Suggested Control Measure, as shown in Table 4.504.3, unless more stringent local limits . Meet the California Department of Public Health, "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of BITUMINOUS ROOF PRIMERS 350 apply. The VOC content limit for coatings that do not meet the definitions for the specialty coatings categories Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers", Version 1.1, listed in Table 4.504.3 shall be determined by classifying the coating as a Flat, Nonflat or Nonflat-High Gloss February 2010 (also known as Specification 01350). BOND BREAKERS coating, based on its gloss, as defined in subsections 4.21, 4.36, and 4.37 of the 2007 California Air Resources 4.504.5 COMPOSITE WOOD PRODUCTS. Hardwood plywood, particleboard and medium density fiberboard Board, Suggested Control Measure, and the corresponding Flat, Nonflat or Nonflat-High Gloss VOC limit in CONCRETE CURING COMPOUNDS composite wood products used on the interior or exterior of the buildings shall meet the requirements for CONCRETE/MASONRY SEALERS 100 formaldehyde as specified in ARB's Air Toxics Control Measure for Composite Wood (17 CCR 93120 et seg.). 4.504.2.3 Aerosol Paints and Coatings. Aerosol paints and coatings shall meet the Product-weighted MIR by or before the dates specified in those sections, as shown in Table 4.504.5 DRIVEWAY SEALERS 50 Limits for ROC in Section 94522(a)(2) and other requirements, including prohibitions on use of certain toxic compounds and ozone depleting substances in Sections 94522(e)(1) and (f)(1) of California Code of 4.504.5.1 Documentation. Verification of compliance with this section shall be provided as requested DRY FOG COATINGS 150 Regulations, Title 17, commencing with Section 94520; and in areas under the jurisdiction of the Bay Area Air by the enforcing agency. Documentation shall include at least one of the following: Quality Management District additionally comply with the percent VOC by weight of product limits of Regulation FAUX FINISHING COATINGS 350 Product certifications and specifications. FIRE RESISTIVE COATINGS 350 Chain of custody certifications. 4.504.2.4 Verification. Verification of compliance with this section shall be provided at the request of the Product labeled and invoiced as meeting the Composite Wood Products regulation (see FLOOR COATINGS enforcing agency. Documentation may include, but is not limited to, the following: CCR, Title 17, Section 93120, et seq.). Exterior grade products marked as meeting the PS-1 or PS-2 standards of the Engineered FORM-RELEASE COMPOUNDS Manufacturer's product specification. Wood Association, the Australian AS/NZS 2269, European 636 3S standards, and Canadian CSA GRAPHIC ARTS COATINGS (SIGN PAINTS) Field verification of on-site product containers. 0121, CSA 0151, CSA 0153 and CSA 0325 standards. Other methods acceptable to the enforcing agency. HIGH TEMPERATURE COATINGS 420 4.505 INTERIOR MOISTURE CONTROL INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE COATINGS 250 TABLE 4.504.1 - ADHESIVE VOC LIMIT<sub>1.2</sub> 4.505.1 General. Buildings shall meet or exceed the provisions of the California Building Standards Code. LOW SOLIDS COATINGS: (Less Water and Less Exempt Compounds in Grams per Liter) 4.505.2 CONCRETE SLAB FOUNDATIONS. Concrete slab foundations required to have a vapor retarder by MAGNESITE CEMENT COATINGS 450 California Building Code, Chapter 19, or concrete slab-on-ground floors required to have a vapor retarder by the ARCHITECTURAL APPLICATIONS California Residential Code, Chapter 5, shall also comply with this section. MASTIC TEXTURE COATINGS INDOOR CARPET ADHESIVES 4.505.2.1 Capillary break. A capillary break shall be installed in compliance with at least one of the METALLIC PIGMENTED COATINGS CARPET PAD ADHESIVES MULTICOLOR COATINGS 150 OUTDOOR CARPET ADHESIVES 1. A 4-inch (101.6 mm) thick base of 1/2 inch (12.7mm) or larger clean aggregate shall be provided with PRETREATMENT WASH PRIMERS 420 a vapor barrier in direct contact with concrete and a concrete mix design, which will address bleeding, 100 WOOD FLOORING ADHESIVES shrinkage, and curling, shall be used. For additional information, see American Concrete Institute, PRIMERS, SEALERS, & UNDERCOATERS RUBBER FLOOR ADHESIVES REACTIVE PENETRATING SEALERS Other equivalent methods approved by the enforcing agency. SUBFLOOR ADHESIVES A slab design specified by a licensed design professional. RECYCLED COATINGS CERAMIC TILE ADHESIVES 4.505.3 MOISTURE CONTENT OF BUILDING MATERIALS. Building materials with visible signs of water damage ROOF COATINGS shall not be installed. Wall and floor framing shall not be enclosed when the framing members exceed 19 percent **VCT & ASPHALT TILE ADHESIVES** moisture content. Moisture content shall be verified in compliance with the following: RUST PREVENTATIVE COATINGS 250 DRYWALL & PANEL ADHESIVES SHELLACS Moisture content shall be determined with either a probe-type or contact-type moisture meter. Equivalent COVE BASE ADHESIVES moisture verification methods may be approved by the enforcing agency and shall satisfy requirements MULTIPURPOSE CONSTRUCTION ADHESIVE Moisture readings shall be taken at a point 2 feet (610 mm) to 4 feet (1219 mm) from the grade stamped end OPAQUE STRUCTURAL GLAZING ADHESIVES 100 SPECIALTY PRIMERS, SEALERS & 3. At least three random moisture readings shall be performed on wall and floor framing with documentation acceptable to the enforcing agency provided at the time of approval to enclose the wall and floor framing. 250 SINGLE-PLY ROOF MEMBRANE ADHESIVES UNDERCOATERS OTHER ADHESIVES NOT LISTED Insulation products which are visibly wet or have a high moisture content shall be replaced or allowed to dry prior to enclosure in wall or floor cavities. Wet-applied insulation products shall follow the manufacturers' drying STONE CONSOLIDANTS 450 SPECIALTY APPLICATIONS SWIMMING POOL COATINGS 4.506 INDOOR AIR QUALITY AND EXHAUST 490 100 TRAFFIC MARKING COATINGS CPVC WELDING 4.506.1 Bathroom exhaust fans. Each bathroom shall be mechanically ventilated and shall comply with the 325 TUB & TILE REFINISH COATINGS 420 **ABS WELDING**  Fans shall be ENERGY STAR compliant and be ducted to terminate outside the building. 250 WATERPROOFING MEMBRANES 250 PLASTIC CEMENT WELDING Unless functioning as a component of a whole house ventilation system, fans must be controlled by a 275 ADHESIVE PRIMER FOR PLASTIC WOOD COATINGS WOOD PRESERVATIVES 350 CONTACT ADHESIVE a. Humidity controls shall be capable of adjustment between a relative humidity range less than or equal to 50% to a maximum of 80%. A humidity control may utilize manual or automatic means of SPECIAL PURPOSE CONTACT ADHESIVE b. A humidity control may be a separate component to the exhaust fan and is not required to be GRAMS OF VOC PER LITER OF COATING, INCLUDING WATER & STRUCTURAL WOOD MEMBER ADHESIVE integral (i.e., built-in) EXEMPT COMPOUNDS TOP & TRIM ADHESIVE 250 2. THE SPECIFIED LIMITS REMAIN IN EFFECT UNLESS REVISED LIMITS SUBSTRATE SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS ARE LISTED IN SUBSEQUENT COLUMNS IN THE TABLE. 1. For the purposes of this section, a bathroom is a room which contains a bathtub, shower or VALUES IN THIS TABLE ARE DERIVED FROM THOSE SPECIFIED BY METAL TO METAL THE CALIFORNIA AIR RESOURCES BOARD, ARCHITECTURAL COATINGS Lighting integral to bathroom exhaust fans shall comply with the California Energy Code. PLASTIC FOAMS SUGGESTED CONTROL MEASURE, FEB. 1, 2008. MORE INFORMATION IS 4.507 ENVIRONMENTAL COMFORT
4.507.2 HEATING AND AIR-CONDITIONING SYSTEM DESIGN. Heating and air conditioning systems shall be AVAILABLE FROM THE AIR RESOURCES BOARD. POROUS MATERIAL (EXCEPT WOOD) sized, designed and have their equipment selected using the following methods: **FIBERGLASS** 1. The heat loss and heat gain is established according to ANSI/ACCA 2 Manual J - 2011 (Residential Load Calculation), ASHRAE handbooks or other equivalent design software or methods.

## **INSTALLER & SPECIAL INSPECTOR QUALIFICATIONS**

\*\*\*\*\* WRITTEN DIMENSIONS ON THESE DRAWING SHALL HAVE PRECEDENCE OVER SCALED DIMENSIONS, CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY, AND BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL DIMENSIONS ON THE JOB AND THIS OFFICE MUST BE NOTIFIED OF ANY VARIATIONS FROM THE DIMENSIONS AND CONDITIONS SHOWN BY THE DRAWINGS, \*\*\*\*\*\*

702.1 INSTALLER TRAINING. HVAC system installers shall be trained and certified in the proper installation of HVAC systems including ducts and equipment by a nationally or regionally recognized training or certification program. Uncertified persons may perform HVAC installations when under the direct supervision and responsibility of a person trained and certified to install HVAC systems or contractor licensed to install HVAC systems.

- Training programs sponsored by trade, labor or statewide energy consulting or verification organizations. Programs sponsored by manufacturing organizations.

702.2 SPECIAL INSPECTION [HCD]. When required by the enforcing agency, the owner or the responsible entity acting as the owner's agent shall employ one or more special inspectors to provide inspection or other duties necessary to substantiate compliance with this code. Special inspectors shall demonstrate competence to the satisfaction of the enforcing agency for the particular type of inspection or task to be performed. In addition to other certifications or qualifications acceptable to the enforcing agency, the following certifications or education may be

- Certification by a national or regional green building program or standard publisher. 2. Certification by a statewide energy consulting or verification organization, such as HERS raters, building
- performance contractors, and home energy auditors. Successful completion of a third party apprentice training program in the appropriate trade.
- Other programs acceptable to the enforcing agency.
- 1. Special inspectors shall be independent entities with no financial interest in the materials or the project they are inspecting for compliance with this code.

[BSC] When required by the enforcing agency, the owner or the responsible entity acting as the owner's agent shall employ one or more special inspectors to provide inspection or other duties necessary to substantiate compliance with this code. Special inspectors shall demonstrate competence to the satisfaction of the enforcing agency for the particular type of inspection or task to be performed. In addition, the special inspector shall have a certification from a

Note: Special inspectors shall be independent entities with no financial interest in the materials or the project they are inspecting for compliance with this code.

703.1 DOCUMENTATION. Documentation used to show compliance with this code shall include but is not limited to, construction documents, plans, specifications, builder or installer certification, inspection reports, or other methods acceptable to the enforcing agency which demonstrate substantial conformance. When specific documentation or special inspection is necessary to verify compliance, that method of compliance will be specified in

CITY OF RIVERSIDE

20.237IN

DISCLAIMER: THIS DOCUMENT IS PROVIDED AND INTENDED TO BE USED AS A MEANS TO INDICATE AREAS OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE 2016 CALIFORNIA GREEN BUILDING VERIFICATION WITH THE 2016 CALIFORNIA GREEN BUILDING VERIFICATION WITH THE FULL CODE.

Duct systems are sized according to ANSI/ACCA 1 Manual D - 2014 (Residential Duct Systems),

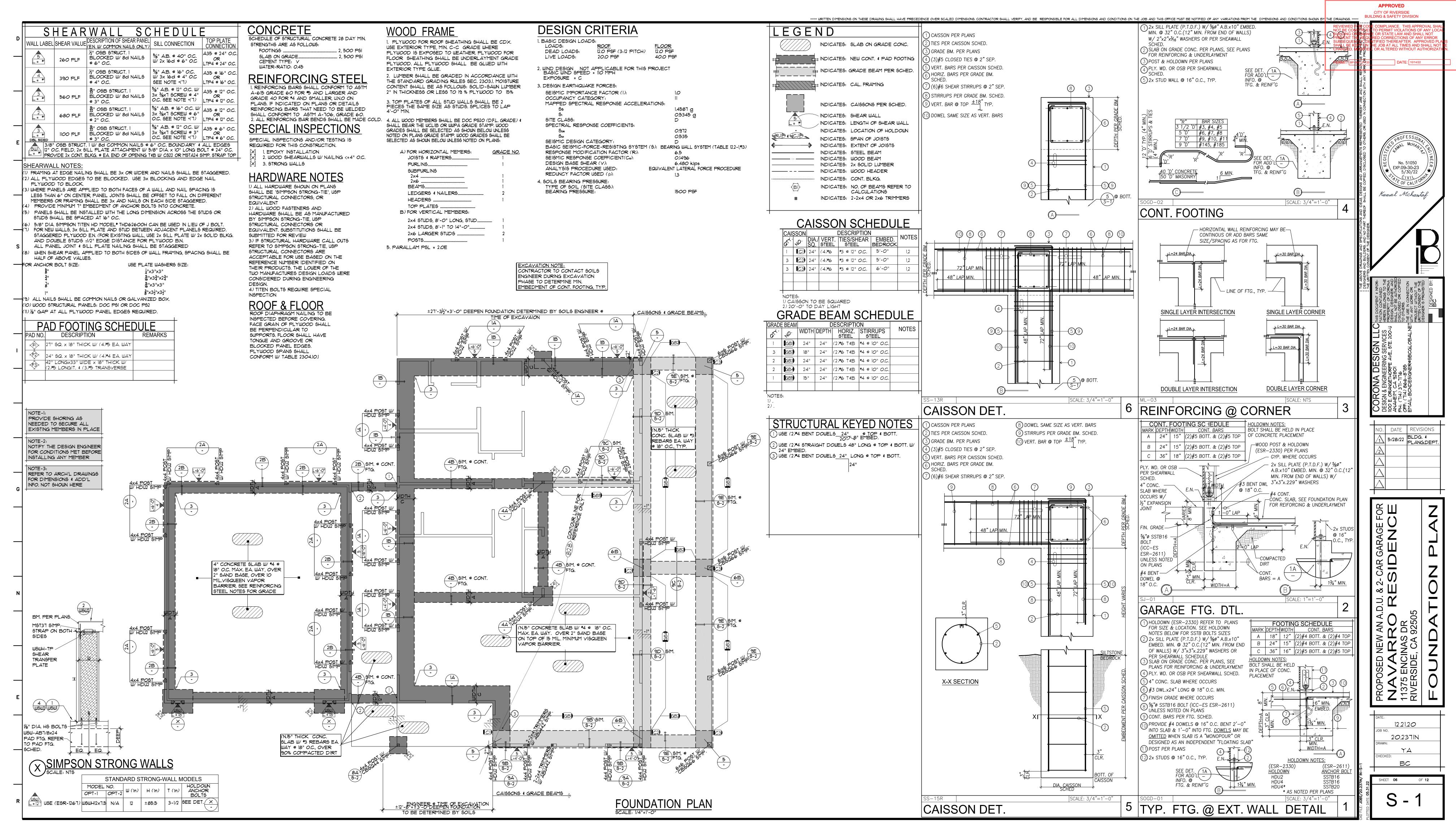
3. Select heating and cooling equipment according to ANSI/ACCA 3 Manual S - 2014 (Residential

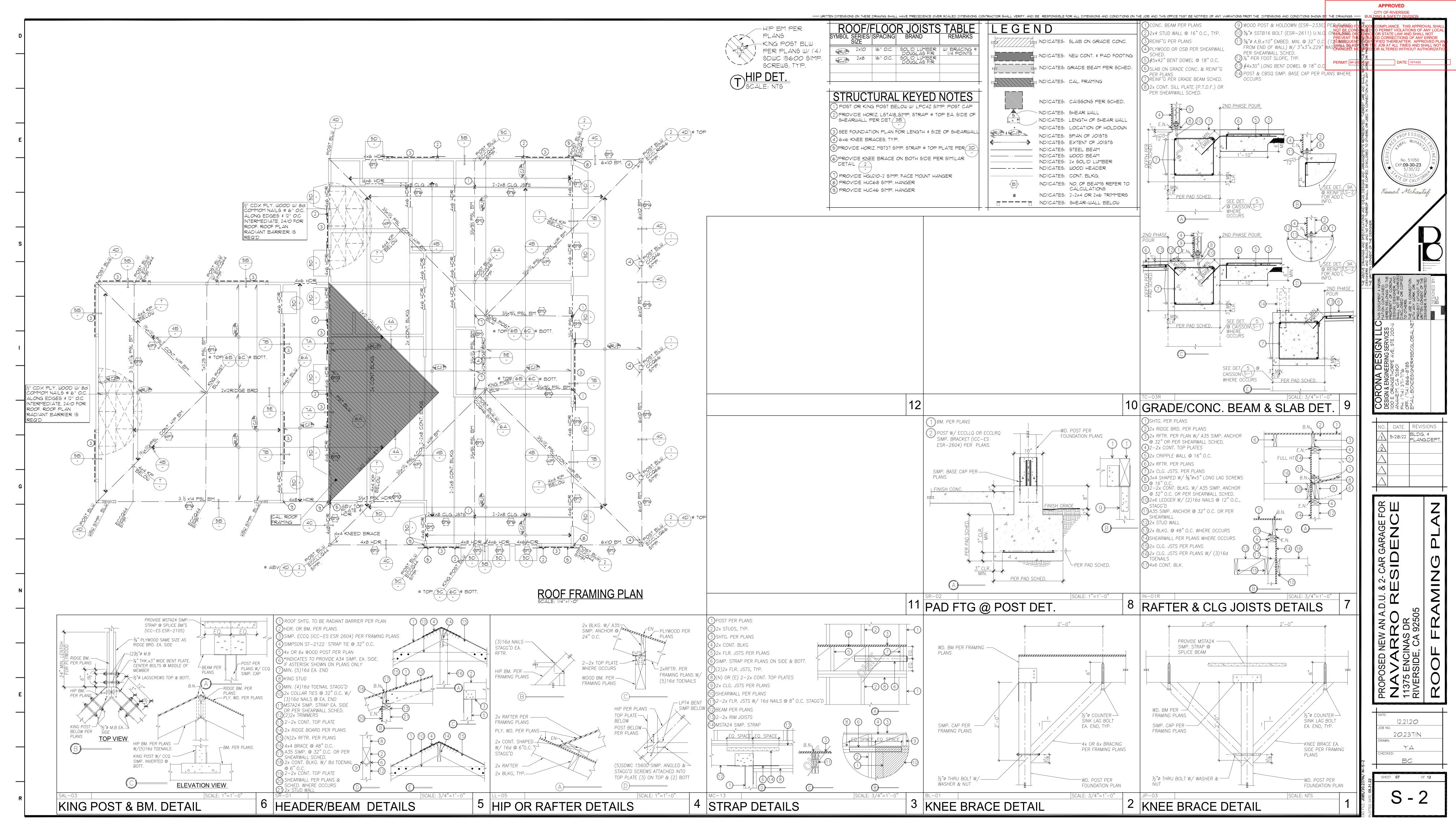
Exception: Use of alternate design temperatures necessary to ensure the system functions are

ASHRAE handbooks or other equivalent design software or methods.

Equipment Selection), or other equivalent design software or methods.

acceptable





## **FASTENING SCHEDULE**

	ELEMENT/CONNECTI ON	FASTENER	LOCATION
		ROOF	
1.	Blocking between ceiling joists, rafters or trusses to top plate or other framing below	3 - 8d common (2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " × 0.131") 3-10d box (3"x0.128") 3 - 3" × 0.131" nails 3 - 3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown	Toenail each end
	Blocking between rafters or truss not at the wall top plate, to rafter or truss	2 - 8d common $(2^{1}/2'' \times 0.131'')$ 2 - 3" × 0.131" nails 2 - 3" 14 gage staples	toenail each end
		2-16d common (3 ½"x0.162") 3-3"x0.131" nails 3-3" 14 gage staples	end nail
	Flat blocking to truss and web filler	16d common (3 ½"x0.162") @6" o.c. 3-3"x0.131" nails @ 6" o.c. 3-3" 14 gage staples @ 6" o.c.	Face nail
2.	Ceiling joists to top plate	3-8d common 3-10d box 3-3"x0.131" nails 3-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown	Toenail each joist
3.	Ceiling joist not attached to parallel rafter, laps over partitions (no thrust) (Table and Section2308.7.3.1)	3-16d common 4-10d box 4-3"x0.131" nails 4-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown	Face nail
4.	Ceiling joists attached to parallel rafter (heel joint) (Table and Section2308.7.3.1)	Table 2308.7.3.1	Face nail
5.	Collar tie to rafter	3-10d common 4-10d box 4-3"x0.131" nails 4-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown	Face nail
6.	Rafter or roof truss to top plate (Table and section 2308.7.5)	3-10 common 3-16d box 4-10d box 4-3"x0.131" nails 4-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown	Toenail (c)
7.	Roof rafters to ridge valley	2-16d common	End nail
	or hip rafters; or roof rafter to 2" ridge beam	3-10d box 3-3"x0.131" nails 3-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown	
		3-10d common 3-16d box 4-10d box 4-3"x0.131" nails 4- 3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown	Toenail

WOOD	

DESCRIPTION OF BUILDING ELEMENTS	NUMBER AND TYPE OF FASTENER	SPACII	NG AND LOCATION
Wood structural panels (WSP), subfloor, roo	f and interior wall sheathing to framing and particleb	oard wall sheath	ing to framing*
		Edges (inches)	Intermediate supports (Inches)
The state of the s	Interior paneling		
41. 1/4"	4d casing $(1^1/_2'' \times 0.080'')$ ; or 4d finish $(1^1/_2'' \times 0.072'')$	6	12
42. <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> "	6d casing (2" × 0.099"); or 6d finish (Panel supports at 24 inches)	6	12

shear walls, refer to Section 2305. Nails for wall sheathing are permitted to be common, box or casing. b. Spacing shall be 6 inches on center on the edges and 12 inches on center at intermediate supports for nonstructural applications. Panel supports at 16 inches

(20 inches if strength axis in the long direction of the panel, unless otherwise marked). c. Where a rafter is fastened to an adjacent parallel ceiling joist in accordance with this schedule and the ceiling joist is fastened to the top plate in accordance

with this schedule, the number of toenails in the rafter shall be permitted to be reduced by one nail.

2304.10.5.2 Fastenings for wood foundations. Fastenings, including nuts and washers, for wood foundations shall be as required in AWC PWF.

2304.10.5.3 Fasteners for fire-retardant-treated wood used in exterior applications or wet or damp locations. Fasteners, including nuts and washers, for fire-retardant-treated wood used in exterior applications or wet or damp locations shall be of hot-dipped zinc-coated galvanized steel, stainless steel, silicon bronze or copper. Fasteners other than nails, timber rivets, wood screws and lag screws shall be permitted to be of mechanically deposited zinc-coated steel with coating weights in accordance with ASTM B695, Class 55 minimum.

2304.10.5.4 Fasteners for fire-retardant-treated wood used in interior applications. Fasteners, including nuts and washers, for fire-retardant-treated wood used in interior locations shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. In the absence of manufacturer's recommendations, Section 2304.10.5.3

2304.10.6 Load path. Where wall framing members are not continuous from the foundation sill to the roof, the members shall be secured to ensure a continuous load path. Where required, sheet metal clamps, ties or clips shall be formed of galvanized steel or other approved corrosion-resistant material not less than 0.0329-inch (0.836

mm) base metal thickness. 2304.10.7 Framing requirements. Wood columns and posts shall be framed to provide full end bearing. Alternatively, column-and-post end connections shall be designed to resist the full compressive loads, neglecting end-bearing capacity. Column-and-post end connections shall be fas-

tened to resist lateral and net induced uplift forces. 2304.11 Heavy timber construction. Where a structure or portion thereof is required to be of Type IV construction by other provisions of this code, the building elements therein shall comply with the applicable provisions of Sections 2304.11.1 through 2304.11.5.

2304.11.1 Columns. Columns shall be continuous or superimposed throughout all stories by means of reinforced concrete or metal caps with brackets, or shall be connected by properly designed steel or iron caps, with pintles and base plates, or by timber splice plates affixed to the columns by metal connectors housed within the contact faces, or by other approved methods.

2304.11.1.1 Column connections. Girders and beams shall be closely fitted around columns and adjoining ends shall be cross tied to each other, or intertied by caps or ties, to transfer horizontal loads across joints. Wood bolsters shall not be placed on tops of columns unless the columns support roof loads only.

2304.11.2 Floor framing. Approved wall plate boxes or hangers shall be provided where wood beams, girders or trusses rest on masonry or concrete walls. Where intermediate beams are used to support a floor, they shall rest on top of girders, or shall be supported by ledgers or blocks securely fastened to the sides of the girders, or they shall be supported by an approved metal hanger into which the ends of the beams shall be closely fitted.

2304.11.3 Roof framing. Every roof girder and at least every alternate roof beam shall be anchored to its supporting member; and every monitor and every sawtooth construction shall be anchored to the main roof construction. Such anchors shall consist of steel or iron bolts of sufficient strength to resist vertical uplift of the roof. 2304.11.4 Floor decks. Floor decks and covering shall not

extend closer than  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch (12.7 mm) to walls. Such  $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch

(12.7 mm) spaces shall be covered by a molding fastened to the wall either above or below the floor and arranged such that the molding will not obstruct the expansion or contraction movements of the floor. Corbeling of masonry walls under floors is permitted in place of such molding. 2304.11.5 Roof decks. Where supported by a wall, roof decks shall be anchored to walls to resist uplift forces determined in accordance with Chapter 16. Such anchors shall consist of steel or iron bolts of sufficient strength to resist vertical uplift of the roof.

Stud to Stud (not at braced 16d common 24" o.c. face nail wall panels) 10d box 16" o.c. face nail 3"x0.131" nails 3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown Stud to stud and abutting 16d common 16" o.c. face nail studs at intersecting wall corners (at braced wall 16d box 2" o.c. face nail 3"x0.131" nails 12" o.c. face nail 3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown Built-up header 16d common 16" o.c. each edge, face nail 16d box 12" o.c. each edge, face nail Continuous header to stud 4-8d common Toenail 4-10d box Top plate to top plate 16d common 6" o.c. face nail 12" o.c. face nail 10d box 3"x0.131" nails 3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown Each side of end joint, face 8-16d common Top plate to top plate, at 12-10d box nail (min 24" lap splice 12-3"x0.131" nails length each side of end 12-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown Bottom plate to joist, rim 16d common 16" o.c. face nail joist, band joist or blocking (not at braced wall panels) 16d box 2" o.c. face nail 3"x0.131" nails 3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown Bottom plate to joist, rim 2-16d common 16" o.c. face nail joist, band joist or blocking 3-16d box at braced wall panels 4-3"x0.131" nails 4-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown Stud to top or bottom plate 4-8d common Toenail 4-10d box 4-3"x0.131" nails 4-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown 2-16d common End nail 3-10d box 3-3"x0.131" nails 3-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown Top or bottom plate to stud 2-16d common End nail 3-10d box 3-3"x0.131" nails 3-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown 2-16d common Top plates, laps at corners Face nail and intersections 3-10d box 3- 3"x0.131" nails 3-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown 1" brace to each stud and 2-8d common Face nail 2-10d box 2- 3"x0.131" nails 2-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown

DESCRIPTION OF BUILDING ELEMENTS NUMBER AND TYPE OF FASTENER SPACING AND LOCATION										
Wood structural panels (WSP), subfloor, roo	of and interior wall sheathing to framing and particleboa	rd wall sheath	ing to framing*							
		Edges (Inches)	Intermediate support (inches)							
	6d common or deformed (2" × 0.113") (subfloor and wall)	6	12							
	8d box or deformed (21/2" × 0.113") (roof)	6	12							
1. 3/ <sub>8</sub> " - 1/ <sub>2</sub> "	$2^3 l_8'' \times 0.113''$ nail (subfloor and wall)	6	12							
. 18 - 12	1 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " 16 gage staple, <sup>7</sup> / <sub>16</sub> " crown (subfloor and wall)	4	8							
	2 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub> " × 0.113" nail (roof)	4	8							
	13/4" 16 gage staple, 7/16" crown (roof)	3	6							
5, <sup>19</sup> / <sub>3</sub> " - <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	8d common (2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " × 0.131"); or 6d deformed (2" × 0.113")	6	12							
$t_{32} - t_4$	$2^{1}/_{8}'' \times 0.113''$ nail; or 2" 16 gage staple, $7/_{16}''$ crown	4	8							
3. ${}^{7}l_{8}''' - 1{}^{1}l_{4}'''$	10d common (3" × 0.148"); or 8d deformed (2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " × 0.131")	6	12							
	Other exterior wall sheathing									
. 1/2" fiberboard sheathing <sup>b</sup>	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " galvanized roofing nail ( <sup>7</sup> / <sub>16</sub> " head diameter); or 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " 16 gage staple with <sup>7</sup> / <sub>16</sub> " or 1" crown	3	6							
. <sup>25</sup> / <sub>32</sub> " fiberboard sheathing <sup>b</sup> .	1 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " galvanized roofing nail ( <sup>7</sup> / <sub>16</sub> " diameter head); or 1 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " 16 gage staple with <sup>7</sup> / <sub>16</sub> " or 1" crown	3	6							
Wood structura	panels, combination subfloor underlayment to framing	1								
5. 1/4" and less	8d common (2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " × 0.131"); or 6d deformed (2" × 0.113")	6	12							
7. 7/8" - 1"	8d common $(2^1/2'' \times 0.131'')$ ; or 8d deformed $(2^1/2'' \times 0.131'')$	6	12							
11/8" - 11/4"	10d common (3" × 0.148"); or 8d deformed (2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " × 0.131")	6	12							
	Panel siding to framing									
). 1/2" or less	6d corrosion-resistant siding ( $1^7/_8$ " × 0.106"); or 6d corrosion-resistant casing (2" × 0.099")	6	12							
. 51 <sub>8</sub> "	8d corrosion-resistant siding $(2^3/8'' \times 0.128'')$ ; or 8d corrosion-resistant casing $(2^1/3'' \times 0.113'')$	6	12							

1"x6" sheathing to each Face nail 2-8d common 2-10d box 1"8" and wider sheathing 3-8d common Face nail 3-10d box to each bearing FLOOR Joist to sill, top plate, or Toenail 3-8d common -10d box 3-3"x0.131" nails 3-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown Rim joist, band joist, or 8d common 6" o.c., toenail blocking to top plate, sill or 10d box other framing below 3"x0.131" nails 3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown l"x6" subfloor or less to 2-8d common Face nail -10d box "subfloor to joist or -16d common Face nail 2-16d common Each bearing, face nail 2" plank Built up girders and beams, 20d common 32" o.c. face nail at top and 2" lumber layers bottom staggered on pposite sides 24" o.c. face nail at top and 3"x0.131" nails bottom staggered on 3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown Ends and at each splice, 2-20d common face nail 3-10dbox 3- 3"x0.131" nails 3- 3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown 3-16d common Each joist or rafter, face nail Ledger strip supporting joists or rafters 4-10d box 4-3"x0.131" nails 4-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown Joist to band joist or rim 3-16d common End nail 4-10d box 4-3"x0.131" nails 4-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown Bridging or blocking to 2-8d common Each end, toenail 2-10d box joist, rafter or truss 2-3"x0.131" nails

2-3" 14 gage staples, 7/16" crown

v	VOOD STRUCTURAL PANS FRAMING AND PAI	, SUB FLOOR, ROOF AND INTERIOR W RTICLEBOARD WALL SHEATHING TO	ALL SHEATHING TO FRAMING <sup>(a)</sup>
31.	3/8"-1/2"	6d common or deformed (2"x0.113")	6" edge
		(subfloor and wall)	12" intermediate supp
		8d box or deformed (roof)	
		2 3/8"x0.113" nail (subfloor and wall)	
		1 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " 16 gage staple, 7/16" crown	4" edge
		2 3/8" x0.113" nail (roof)	8" intermediate suppo
		1 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "16 gage staple, 7/16" crown (roof)	3" edge
		1 74 To gage staple, 7/10 crown (1001)	6" intermediate suppo
32.	19/32" –3/4"	8d common	6" edge
52.	17/32 -3/4	6d deformed	12" intermediate supp
		2 3/8"x0.113 nail	4" edge
		2" 16" gage staple, 7/16" crown	8" intermediate suppo
33.	7/8" – 1/4"	10d common	6" edge
33.	7/8 - 1/4	8d deformed	12" intermediate supp
	OTI	HER EXTERIOR WALL SHEATHING	12 intermediate supp
34.	1/2" fiberboard sheathing <sup>(b)</sup>		3" edge
54.	1/2 Hoerboard sheatning	1 ½" galvanized roof nail	-
25	25/227 51 - 1 1	1 1/4" 16 gage staple with 7/16" or 1" crown	6" intermediate suppo
35.	25/32" fiberboard	1 3/4" galvanized roof nail	3" edge
	sheathing (b)	1 1/2" 16 gage staple with 7/16" or 1" crown	6" intermediate suppo
		, COMBINATION SUBFLOOR UNDERL	
36.	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " and less	8d common	6" edge
		6d deformed	12" intermediate supp
37.	7/8"-1"	8d common	6" edge
		8d deformed	12" intermediate supp
38.	1 1/8"-1 1/4"	10d common	6" edge
		8d deformed	12" intermediate supp
		PANEL SIDING TO FRAMING	
39.	½" or less	6d corrosion-resistant siding	6" edge
	2	6d corrosion-resistant casing	12" intermediate supp
40.	5/8"	8d corrosion-resistant siding	6" edge
		8d corrosion-resistant casing	12" intermediate supp
	-	INTERSIOR PANELING	
41.	1/4"	4d casing	6" edge
	Tanis .	4d finish	12" intermediate supp
42.	3/8"	6d casing	6" edge
		6d finish	12" intermediate supp

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

a. Nails spaced at 6 inches at intermediate supports where spans are 48" or more. For nailing of wood structural panel and particleboard diaphragms and shear walls, refer to Section 2305.

b. Spacing shall be 6 inches on center on the edges and 12 inches on center at intermediate supports for nonstructural applications. Panel supports at 16 inches (20 inches if strength axis in the long direction of the panel, unless otherwise marked).

c. Where a rafter is fastened to an adjacent parallel ceiling joist in accordance with this schedule and the ceiling joist is fastened to the top plate in accordance with this schedule, the number of toenails in the rafters shall be permitted to be reduced by one nail.

Nails for wall sheathing are permitted to be common, box or casing.

NO. DATE REVISIONS 11/05/21 BLDG. \$
PLANG.DEPT

**APPROVED** CITY OF RIVERSIDE

PERMIT: BF

12.21.20 20.237IN

- 10. Administrative Requirements: The following notes (items) represent the administrative requirements for all buildings and shall appear as notes on the plans.
- A) The person in charge of the construction or installation, who is eligible under Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code to accept responsibility for the construction or installation of regulated manufactured devices shall post, or make available with the building permit(s) issued for the building, the Certificate of Installation documentation for manufactured devices regulated by the Appliance Efficiency Regulations or Part 6. Such Certificate of Installation documentation shall be made available to the enforcement agency for all applicable inspections. These certificates shall:
  - Identify features, materials, components, manufactured devices, and system diagnostic results required to verify compliance with the Appliance Efficiency Regulations and Part 6.
  - State the number of the building permit under which the construction or installation was performed. Sections of the certificate(s), for which submittal to a HERS provider data registry is required, shall display the unique registration number assigned by the HERS data registry.
  - انان Include a declaration statement indicating that the constructed or installed features, materials, components, or manufactured devices conform to all applicable codes and regulations, and to the requirements for such devices given in the plans and specifications approved by the local enforcement agency.
  - iv) Be signed by the documentation author to certify the documentation is accurate and complete
  - v) Be signed by the individual eligible under Division 3 of the Business and Professions Code to accept responsibility for construction, or installation in the applicable classification for the scope of work specified on the Certificate of Installation document(s). Sec. 10-103 (a) 3 A
- B) The builder shall provide the building owner or the person(s) responsible for operation and maintenance of the feature, material, component or mechanical device installed (in case of multitenant or centrally operated buildings) with the following at the time of occupancy:
- Compliance information. The appropriate completed and signed Certificate(s) of Compliance. Certificate(s) of Installation, and if applicable Certificate(s) of Verification documentation submitted.
- ii) Operating information. The appropriate Certificate(s) of Compliance and a list of the features, materials, components, and mechanical devices installed in the building and instructions on how to operate them correctly and efficiently.
- iii) Maintenance information. Required routine maintenance actions shall be clearly stated and incorporated on a readily accessible label. The label may be limited to identifying the operation and maintenance manual.
- iv) Ventilation Information. A description of the quantity of outdoor air that the ventilation system is designed to provide to the building conditioned space, and instructions for proper operation and maintenance.
- C) The Enforcement agency shall not issue a Certificate of Occupancy until all required Certificates of Verification are posted and made available to the building department for all applicable inspections and that all Certificates of Verification conform to the specifications of Section 10-103(a)5.
- Sec. 10-103 (d),2 11. Mandatory Measures: The following circled items represent the Mandatory Measures for all buildings and shall appear as notes on the plans.
- A) Manufactured fenestration products and exterior doors shall:
- 1) Have a clearly visible temporary label meeting the requirements of Sec. 10-111 (a) 1, not to be removed before inspection by the enforcement agency, listing the certified U-factor, the solar heat gains coefficient (SHGC), and Visible Transmittance (VT) certifying that the air leakage requirements of Sec. 110.6 (a) 1 are met for each product line; and
- 2) Have a permanent label meeting the requirements of Sec. 10-111 (a) 2 if the product is rated using NFRC procedures.

fenestration products or exterior door and the building, and shall be weather stripped. EXCEPTION:

Sec. 110.6 (a) B) Field-fabricated fenestration and field-fabricated exterior doors shall be caulked between the

Unframed glass doors and fire doors. Sec. 110.6 (b) C) Joints, penetrations and other openings in the building envelope that are potential sources of air

leakage shall be caulked, gasketed, weather stripped, or otherwise sealed to limit infiltration and

Sec. 110.7 Dy All insulating material shall be installed in compliance with the flamespread rating and smoke density requirements of the CBC.

Sec. 110.8 (c)

E) No mechanical equipment nor plumbing vents shall be located within the designated "Solar Zone"

Sec 110.10 (b) 1-B

F) Any roofing product used as a cool roof shall be certified and labeled in accordance with the requirements of Sec. 10-113 by the Cool Roof Rating Council (CRRC) and meet conditions set in Sec. 110.8 (i)

G) New space conditioning equipment shall meet the applicable efficiency requirements of Tables 110.2-(A-K).

Sec. 110.2 (a)

H) All unitary systems not controlled by EMCS shall have setback thermostats; capable to program temperature setpoints for at least four periods within a 24 hr. period.

Sec. 110.2 (2) (c)

I) Heat pumps with supplementary electric resistance heaters shall have controls: 1) That prevent supplementary heater operation when the heating load can be met by the heat pump

alone: and

2) Cut-on temperature for compression heating is higher than cut-on temperature for supplementary heating, cut-off temperature for compression heating is higher than the cut-off temperature for supplemental heating.

Sec. 110.2 (b)

J) Unfired water tanks (storage tanks or backup storage tanks for solar water heating) shall be externally wrapped with an insulation of R-12 or greater or have internal insulation of R-16 or greater with a label showing the insulation R-value.

Sec. 150.0 (j)

K) All factory fabricated duct systems shall comply with UL 181. This includes all ducts, and closure systems such as collars, connections and splices. Labeled, complying to UL 181.

Sec. 150.0 (m)2

L) For single family dwellings and townhouses with the ducts connected directly to the air handler, the total leakage of the duct system shall not exceed 5 percent of the nominal system air handler airflow as determined utilizing the procedures in Reference Residential Appendix Section RA3.1.4.3.1. If the single-family dwellings and townhouses are in the "rough-in stage of construction" prior to installation and the air-handling unit is not yet installed the leakage shall not exceed 4 percent of the air-handler systems manufactured listed airflow.

Sec. 150.0 (m)11-A

M) All air distribution system ducts and plenums, including, but not limited to, building cavities, mechanical closets, air-handler boxes and support platforms used as ducts or plenums, shall be installed, sealed and insulated to meet the requirements of the 2019 California Mechanical Code and ANSI/SMACNA -006.2006 HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible. Supply-air ducts conveying heated or cooled air shall be insulated to a minimum installed level of R-4.2 (R-6.0 in unconditioned space), unless ducts are in conditioned space.

Sec. 150.0 (m)

N) All dwelling buildings shall meet the requirements of ASHRAE Standard 62.2, Ventilation and Acceptable Indoor Air Quality in Low-Rise Residential Buildings

Sec. 150.0 (o)

- O) The piping for all space conditioning and service water heating systems shall be insulated in
- P) Service water heating systems and equipment shall meet the applicable requirements of the Appliance Efficiency Regulations as required by Sec. 110.1.

Sec. 110.3 (b)

Q) Service hot water systems with circulating pumps or with electrical heat trace systems shall be capable of automatically turning off the system.

Sec. 110.3 (c) 2

R) Instantaneous water heaters with an input rating greater than 6.8 kBTU/hr. (2 kW) shall have isolation valves on both the cold water supply and the hot water pipe leaving the water heater. Hose bibs or other fittings shall be installed on each valve for flushing the water heater when the valves are closed. Provide detail.

Section 110.3 (c) 6

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE CF1R-PRF-01E Calculation Date/Time: 2021-02-01T13:32:55-08:00 Project Name: ADU (Page 1 of 9) Calculation Description: Title 24 Analysis Input File Name: G21-1289.ribd19x

**GENERAL INFORMATION** Project Name ADU Run Title Title 24 Analysis Project Location 11371 FNCINAS ( City RIVERSIDE Standards Version 2019 06 Zip code 92505 Software Version EnergyPro 8.2 Climate Zone 10 Front Orientation (deg/ Cardinal) 2 Building Type | Single family Number of Dwelling Units : Project Scope NewConstruction **Number of Bedrooms** Addition Cond. Floor Area (ft<sup>2</sup>) 0 Number of Stories Existing Cond. Floor Area (ft<sup>2</sup>) n/a Fenestration Average U-factor 0. Total Cond. Floor Area (ft<sup>2</sup>) 1200 Glazing Percentage (%) 21.79 ADU Bedroom Count ADU Conditioned Floor Area | 1200 Is Natural Gas Available? Yes

COMPLIANCE RESULT **Building Complies with Computer Performance** This building incorporates features that require field testing and/or verification by a certified HERS rater under the supervision of a CEC-approved HERS provider. O3 This building incorporates one or more Special Features shown below

Registration Number: 421-P010014592A-000-000-0000000-0000 Registration Date/Time: 02/01/2021 13:30 TICE: This document has been generated by ConSol Home Energy Efficiency Rating System Serv ponsible for, and cannot guarantee, the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in CA Building Energy Efficiency Standards - 2019 Residential Compliance Report Generated: 2021-02-01 13:33:14 Schema Version: rev 20200901

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE CF1R-PRF-01E Project Name: ADU Calculation Date/Time: 2021-02-01T13:32:55-08:00 (Page 2 of 9) Calculation Description: Title 24 Analysis Input File Name: G21-1289.ribd19x

**ENERGY DESIGN RATING** 

	Energy Des	sign Ratings	Compliance Margins			
	Efficiency¹ (EDR)	Total <sup>2</sup> (EDR)	Efficiency¹ (EDR)	Total <sup>2</sup> (EDR)		
Standard Design	48	24.4				
Proposed Design	47.9	24.3	0.1	0.1		

Efficiency EDR includes improvements to the building envelope and more efficient equipment Total EDR includes efficiency and demand response measures such as photovoltaic (PV) systems and batterie

Standard Design PV Capacity: 2.06 kWdc PV System resized to 2.06 kWdc (a factor of 2.061) to achieve 'Standard Design PV' PV scaling

**ENERGY USE SUMMARY** 

Energy Use (kTDV/ft <sup>2</sup> -yr)	Standard Design	Proposed Design	Compliance Margin	Percent Improvemen
Space Heating	6.1	7.26	-1.16	-19
Space Cooling	28.22	29.89	-1.67	-5.9
IAQ Ventilation	2.8	2.8	0	0
Water Heating	17.14	14.08	3.06	17.9
Self Utilization/Flexibility Credit	n/a	0	0	n/a
Compliance Energy Total	54.26	54.03	0.22	0.4

REQUIRED PV SYS	TEMS - SIMPLIFIED										
01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12
DC System Size (kWdc)	Exception	Module Type	Array Type	Power Electronics	CFI	Azimuth (deg)	Tilt Input	Array Angle (deg)	Tilt: (x in 12)	Inverter Eff. (%)	Annual Solar Acce (%)
2.06	NA	Standard	Fixed	none	true	150-270	n/a	n/a	<=7:12	96	100

Registration Number: 421-P010014592A-000-000-0000000-0000 Registration Date/Time: 02/01/2021 13:30 TICE: This document has been generated by ConSol Home Energy Efficiency Rating S ponsible for, and cannot guarantee, the accuracy or completeness of the information CA Building Energy Efficiency Standards - 2019 Residential Compliance Report Version: 2019.1.300 Report Generated: 2021-02-01 13:33:14 Schema Version: rev 20200901

2/1/2021

bb # G21-1289

RESIDENTIAL T24 SHEET

06 - 16 - 2020

exfiltration.

PERMIT: BP-2021-017

CITY OF RIVERSIDE

REVISIONS BY

Catable Day Time (1977) 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	Coloration Change   Time   2011-10-20   2015   20						APPROVED  CITY OF RIVERSIDE  PLUI DING & SAFETY DIVISION
C13-Paid of (1)  Calculation Date/Timer 2013 2-03/113-23-5-0-100  (Page 5 of 9)  Input file Numer C17-1205 5-0-1204  (Page 5 of 9)  Input file Numer C17-1205 5-0-1204  (Page 5 of 9)  Input file Numer C17-1205 5-0-1204  (Page 5 of 9)  Input file Numer C17-1205 5-0-1204  (Page 5 of 9)  Input file Numer C17-1205 5-0-1204  (Page 5 of 9)  Input file Numer C17-1205 5-0-1204  (Page 5 of 9)  Input file Numer C17-1205 5-0-1204  (Page 5 of 9)  Input file Numer C17-1205 5-0-1204  (Page 5 of 9)  Input file Numer C17-1205 5-0-1204  (Page 6 of 9)  Input file Numer C17-1205 7-0-1205  (Page 6 of 9)  Input file Numer C17-1205 7	Coloration Designation   Coloration   Colo						REVIEWED FOR CODE COMPLAINS PERVAL SHALL NOT BE CONSTRUED TO PERMIT VIOLATIONS OF ANY LOCA BUILDING ORDINANCE OR STATE LAW AND SHALL NOT PREVENT THE REQUIRED CORRECTIONS OF ANY ERROR SUBSEQUENTLY IDENTIFIED THEREAFTER. APPROVED PLA SHALL BE KEPT ON THE JOB AT ALL TIMES AND SHALL NOT CHANGED, MODIFIED OR ALTERED WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION.
15	A	Inpu	t File Name: G2	1-1289.ribd19x		:00 (Page 5 of 9)	
Part   10.1   10.15	A	Framing	Total Cavity	Interior / Exterior Continuous			m, m, 89-88
Second Column   Second Colum	OS						INC. 1 Syste 126) 2 126) 2
On	10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	) 16 in. O. C.	R-15	None / None	0.095	Exterior Finish: 3 Coat Stucco	ENT, tion. tion. x: (6
District	10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	24 in. O. C.	R-30	None / None	0.043	Roof Deck: Wood Siding/sheathing/decking Cavity / Frame: R-13.0 / 2x4	INVESTM mbing, Fire S nergy Calcula Te Te all.com Fa
District	10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	24 in. O. C.	R-30	None / None	0.032	Cavity / Frame: R-9.1 / 2x4	IGN & ning, Plu itle 24 E Blvd. 91803 AAA@ao aa2@gir
No. 10.00	No.   Supplied   Compared   Compared Distribution	les I	De	03		04	r. CA & SREECT
ON   OS   OS   OS   OS   OS   OS   OS	Metal   Park	ion	Building Envel	lope Air Leakage		CFM50	**FECT Street St
DIW Heater 1 (1)   School   None	Committee Name (#)   Sofar Hearing System   Compact Distribution   Name   Nam		Not R	Required		n/a	PER 241¢ B-M E-M
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Fan 0.45 HVAC Fan 1-hers-fan  02 03  Werlfied Fan Watt Draw Required Fan Efficacy (Watts/CFM)  Required 0.45  0.45  0.45  0.45  0.45  0.45  0.46  IAQ Recovery Effectiveness (%)  SREIAQ Recovery Effectiveness (%)  SREIAQ Recovery Effectiveness (%)  ARE Recovery Effectiveness (%)  SREIAQ Recovery Effectiveness (%)  ARE Recovery Effectiveness (%)  RED OF	PART OF THE SPRONDERS OF THE SPRONDERS OF SCHEERS IN SCHEERS IN SCHEERS IN SCHEERS IN SCHEERS IN SCHEER IN	!	crile Name: G2	03		<del></del>	
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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE Project Name: ADU Calculation Description: Title 24 Analysis  CF1R-PRF-01E CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE Project Name: 2021-02-01T13:32:55-08:00 Input File Name: G21-1289.ribd19x  Calculation Description: Title 24 Analysis  CF1R-PRF-01E CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE Project Name: ADU Calculation Description: Title 24 Analysis  Calculation Description: Title 24 Analysis						Calculation Date ysis Input File Name												
OPAQUE SURFACES														OPAQUE SURFACE CONST	RUCTIONS			
01	02	03	04		05			06		07			08	01	02	03	04	05
Name	Zone	Construction	Azimuth	(	Orientati	ion	Gros	s Area (ft	2)	Window and Area (ft2			Tilt (deg)	Construction Name	Surface Type	Construction Type	Framing	Total Ca R-valu
WEST WALL	FLOOR PLAN	R-15 Wall	270		Front	8		358.4		41			90					
EAST WALL	FLOOR PLAN	R-15 Wall	90		Back			358.4		154			90	R-15 Wall	Exterior Walls	Wood Framed Wall	2x4 @ 16 in. O. C.	D 15
NORTH WALL	FLOOR PLAN	R-15 Wall	0		Left			226.4		4			90	N 15 Wall	Exterior walls	Wood Framed Wall	2x4 @ 16 III. O. C.	R-15
SOUTH WALL	FLOOR PLAN	R-15 Wall	180		Right			226.4		62.5			90					
R-30 Roof	FLOOR PLAN	R-30 Roof Attic	n/a		n/a			1200		n/a			n/a			\W15		
TTIC	×		44.											Attic RoofFLOOR PLAN	Attic Roofs	Wood Framed Ceiling	2x4 @ 24 in. O. C.	R-30
01	02	03	04		05	Т		06	- T	07			08					
Name	Construction	Туре	Roof Rise (x in	12) Roc	of Reflec	tance	Roof	Emittan	e	Radiant Ba	rrier		Cool Roof		6 11 / 1			
Attic FLOOR PLAN	Attic RoofFLOOR PLAN	Ventilated	5		0.25			0.75		Yes			Yes	R-30 Roof Attic	Ceilings (below attic)	Wood Framed Ceiling	2x4 @ 24 in. O. C.	R-30
ENESTRATION / GLAZI	NG		- 1															
01	02	03		0.5	06	07	T 00	T		1	T			BUILDING ENVELOPE - HE	RS VERIFICATION			
	- 02	US	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	01		02	and less to	- 1-7 1
Name	Туре	Surface	Orientation	Azimuth	Width (ft)	Height (ft)	Mult.	Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	U-factor	U-factor Source	SHGC	SHGC Sourc e	Exterior Shading	Quality Insulation I		High R-value Spray Fo		Building
WINDOWS	Window	WEST WALL	Front	270			1	41	0.3	NFRC	0.21	NFRC	Bug Screen	Requir	ea	Not Requir	red	
WINDOWS 2	Window	EAST WALL	Back	90		1	1	154	0.3	NFRC	0.21	NFRC	Bug Screen	WATER HEATING SYSTEM	;			
WINDOWS 3	Window	NORTH WALL	Left	0			1	4	0.3	NFRC	0.21	NFRC	Bug Screen	01	02	03	04	
WINDOWS 4	Window	SOUTH WALL	Right	180			1	62.5	0.3	NFRC	0.21	NFRC	Bug Screen	Name	System Type	Distribution Type	Water Heate	Name (#)
LAB FLOORS														DHW Sys 1	Domestic Hot Water	Standard Distribution	DUMHasi	1 (1)
01	02	03	04	T	05			06		07			08		(DHW)	System	DHW Heat	er 1 (1)
Name	Zone	Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Perimeter (ft)		Insul. R			Insul. R-	TOTAL CALL IN THE PARTY OF THE	Carpeted Fr	action		Heated					
Covered Slab	FLOOR PLAN	1200	146.2	-	none	th		and Dept	+	80%								
Registration Number: VOTICE: This document has i esponsible for, and cannot g CA Building Energy Effi	421-P010014592A-000-000 been generated by ConSol Home uarantee, the accuracy or compl ciency Standards - 2019 Re	1-000000-0000 Energy Efficiency Rating System teteness of the information contact	Regis m Services, Inc. (CHEE ained in this document Repo	tration Dat RS) using in rt Version: na Version	te/Time:	300	021 13:3 by third p		 ffiliated with		r: CHEE	RS erefore, C	No  HEERS is not  13:33:14	Registration Number: 42 NOTICE: This document has bee responsible for, and cannot guar CA Building Energy Efficie	1-P010014592A-000-000- n-penrated by ConSol Home antee, the accuracy or comple ncy Standards - 2019 Res	0000000-0000 Energy Efficiency Rating Systen teness of the information conta idential Compliance	Report Ve	on Date/Time: 0 using information up rsion: 2019.1.30 ersion: rev 2020
CERTIFICATE OF COM Project Name: ADU	PLIANCE			Calcul	ation D	ate/Tim	n <b>e:</b> 2021	1-02-01T	13:32:55	-08:00			CF1R-PRF-01E (Page 7 of 9)	CERTIFICATE OF COMPI Project Name: ADU	IANCE			alculation Dat

															77		
Name	Heating Element Type	Tank	Туре	# of Units	Tank Vol. (gal)	Energy Factor or Efficiency		Pilot	Tank nsulation R-value (Int/Ext)	Standby Loss or Recovery Eff	1st Hr. Rat or Flow Ra		NEEA Heat F Brand or M		Tank Location or Ambient Condition		Co
DHW Heater 1	Gas		umer aneous	1	0	0.97-UEF	200 Btu	000- i/Hr	0	n/a	n/a		n/a		n/a		HV
WATER HEATING - HEI	RS VERIFICATION	ON						Was.						L		ן ר	
01	0	2		03	П	04			05	00	5		07		08	-	
Name	Pipe Ins	sulation	Paralle	el Pipin	g	Compact Distri	bution		Compact Distribution Rec		Recirculation Control				Shower Drain Water Heat Recovery	1	HVA
DHW Sys 1 - 1/1	Not Re	quired	Not R	equired	ired Not Required None Not Required		quired		Not Required Not Required		1	HVA					
SPACE CONDITIONING	SYSTEMS															1	
01		02			03	04	proteid .	05	06	07	0	)8	09	10	11		
Name		System	n ivbe i		ating Ur Name			an Name	Distributi Name	on Requir Thermo	stat Sta	atus	Verified Existing Condition	Heatii Equipm Coun	ent Equipment		А
ADU1	Hea	ating and coo		n Heating Compone		"	Cooling Component HV		Air Distribution		ck Ne	ew	NA	1	1		HVA
HVAC - HEATING UNIT	TYPES															]	
	01	-			00	-						г –	-			1	
									03				04				
					System	Туре			Numbe	er of Units			Hea	ating Effic	ciency		
Heating Component 1					tral gas	furnace				1			AFUE-94.7				

CF1R-PRF-01E

(Page 3 of 9)

Number of Water

Heating Systems

N/A

CF1R-PRF-01E

(Page 6 of 9)

12

**HVAC - COOLING UNIT TYPES** 

Calculation Date/Time: 2021-02-01T13:32:55-08:00

Number of Zones

Avg. Ceiling Height

Calculation Date/Time: 2021-02-01T13:32:55-08:00

Input File Name: G21-1289.ribd19x

**Number of Ventilation** 

Cooling Systems

DHW Sys 1

Water Heating System 1 | Water Heating System 2

Input File Name: G21-1289.ribd19x

The following is a summary of the features that must be field-verified by a certified HERS Rater as a condition for meeting the modeled energy performance for this computer analysis. Additional

Number of Bedrooms

04

Zone Floor Area (ft<sup>2</sup>)

1200

Schema Version: rev 20200901

Registration Number: 421-P010014592A-000-000-000000-0000 Registration Date/Time: 02/01/2021 13:30 HERS Provider: CHEERS

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CA Building Energy Efficiency Standards - 2019 Residential Compliance Report Version: 2019.1.300 Report Generated: 2021-02-01 13:33:14

Registration Number: 421-P010014592A-000-000-0000000-0000 NOTICE: This document has been generated by ConSol Home Energy Efficiency Rating System Seresponsible for, and cannot guarantee, the accuracy or completeness of the information contained CA Building Energy Efficiency Standards - 2019 Residential Compliance	Report Version: 2019.1.300	HERS Provider: CHEERS of affiliated with or related to CHEERS. Therefore, CHEERS is not Report Generated: 2021-02-01 13:33:14
	Schema Version: rev 20200901	

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

REQUIRED SPECIAL FEATURES

Cooling System Verifications: Minimum Airflow Verified EER

Heating System Verifications:

-- None --

-- None --

ZONE INFORMATION

Zone Name

FLOOR PLAN

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

Calculation Description: Title 24 Analysis

Project Name: ADU

WATER HEATERS

Insulation below roof deck

Quality insulation installation (QII) Indoor air quality ventilation

Verified Refrigerant Charge Fan Efficacy Watts/CFM

HVAC Distribution System Verifications: Duct leakage testing Verified Duct Design Domestic Hot Water System Verifications:

BUILDING - FEATURES INFORMATION

Project Name

Calculation Description: Title 24 Analysis

The following are features that must be installed as condition for meeting the modeled energy performance for this computer analysis.

detail is provided in the building tables below. Registered CF2Rs and CF3Rs are required to be completed in the HERS Registry

onditioned Floor Area (ft<sup>2</sup>)

1200

02

Zone Type

Conditioned

Number of Dwelling

03

**HVAC System Name** 

ADU1

Units

Project Name: ADU

01														
01	02		03		04			05		06	07	07		08
Name	System Typ	e	Number of U	Inits I	Efficiency EER/CEER		Efficiency SEER		Zona	lly Controlled	Mulit-speed Compressor		HERS Verification	
Cooling Component 1 Central split AC		1		12.2		14			Not Zonal	Single S	peed	d Cooling Componer 1-hers-cool		
VAC COOLING - HER	S VERIFICATION													
01 02		2		03			04		0	5	Т		06	
Name Verified		Airflow		Airflow Target		Verified EER		ER		d SEER	ER Verified F		igerant Charg	
Cooling Component Requ		iired	350			Required		Not Required		Required				
IVAC - DISTRIBUTION	N SYSTEMS				<u>\$ 6</u>									
01	02		03	04	05	0	6	07	08	09	10	11		12
			Duct	ns. R-value	-value Du		uct Location		face Area				12	
Name Type Design T		Design Type	Supply	Return	Sup	ply	Return	Supply	Return	Bypass Duct	Duct Lea	kage	HERS Verificatio	
Air Distribution System 1 Unconditioned attic		ttic	Verified Design	See duc design	t See duc design	t At	tic	Attic	24.64	0	No Bypass Duct	Sealed Teste		Air Distributio System 1-hers-dis
IVAC DISTRIBUTION	- HERS VERIFICATIO	N												·
01	02		03	0	4	0	5		06	07		08	Τ	09
Name	Name Duct Leakage Duct Leakage Verification Target (%)		Verified Duct Location		Verified Duct Design		Buried Ducts		Deeply Burie Ducts		Low-leakage Air Handler		Low Leakage Ducts Entirely i Conditioned Space	
Air Distribution	istribution Yes 5.0		Not Required		Requ	uired Not Re		Required	Credit not tak	en Not	Required		No	

Schema Version: rev 20200901

Calculation Date/Time: 2021-02-01T13:32:55-08:00 Input File Name: G21-1289.ribd19x HVAC - FAN SYSTEMS 03 Name Type Fan Power (Watts/CFM) HVAC Fan 1 **HVAC Fan** HVAC FAN SYSTEMS - HERS VERIFICATION Name Verified Fan Watt Draw Required Fan Effica HVAC Fan 1-hers-fan IAQ (INDOOR AIR QUALITY) FANS 03 05 **Dwelling Unit** IAQ CFM IAQ Watts/CFM IAQ Fan Type Q Recovery Effectiveness (%) SFam IAQVentRpt 0.25 Default 0 Registration Number: 421-P010014592A-000-000-000000-0000

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Registration Date/Time: 02/01/2021 13:30

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Report Generated Report Generater Schema Version: rev 20200901



Date **2/1/2021** Drawn Job #**G21-1289** Sheet 2

> RESIDENTIAL T24 SHEET

F1R-PRF-01E (Page 9 of 9)
(Page 9 of 9
sheets,
ERS is not

Report Version: 2019.1.300

Schema Version: rev 20200901

Report Generated: 2021-02-01 13:33:14

RESIDENT	TIAL MEAS	SURES	SUMM	ARY					RMS-
Project Name ADU			Bui	lding Type	☑ Single Far □ Multi Fam	mily □ Add	dition Alone	on/Alteration	Date 2/1/202
Project Address			Cal	lifornia Ener	rgy Climate Zone				1
11371 ENCIN		ERSIDE		CA Clima	te Zone 10	1	1,200	n/a	1
INSULATIO					Area				
Constructio	n Type	****	Ca	vity	$(ft^2)$	Special	Features		Status
Roof Wood	Framed Attic		R 30		1,200 Add=	R-30.0 Cool	Roof		New
Wall Wood	Framed		R 15		908				New
Slab Unhea	ted Slab-on-Grade		- no in	sulation	1,200 Perin	n = 146'			New
FENESTRA*	TION	Total Area:	26	2 Glazing F	Percentage:	21.8% No.	w/Altered Aver	rage U-Factor:	0.30
Orientation			SHGC	Overh			cterior Sh		Status
Front (W)	41.0	0.300	0.21	none	none	N/			New
Rear (E)	154.0	0.300	0.21	none	none	N/	/A		New
Left (N)	4.0	0.300	0.21	none	none	N/	A	3	New
Right (S)			-						
	62.5	0.300	0.21	none	none	N/	YA		New
	62.5	0.300	0.21	none	none	N/	YA		New
HVAC SYST Qtv. Heatin	EMS							rmostat	
HVAC SYST Qty. Heatin	EMS	0.300 Min. Et	ff Co	none  ooling it Air Condit.	Mit	n. Eff		rmostat	Status New
Qty. Heating 1 Central F	EMS ng	Min. E	ff Co	oling	Mit	n. Eff	<b>The</b> i	(	Status
Qty. Heating 1 Central F	EMS ng rumace	<b>Min. E</b> 1	ff Co	o <b>ling</b> it Air Condit	Milioner 14.0	n. Eff	Thei Setback	Ouct	Status New
Qty. Heating 1 Central F  HVAC DISTR	EMS ng iumace	Min. E	ff Co	oling it Air Condit	Militioner 14.0	n. Eff	Thei Setback	Ouct R-Value	Status New Status
Qty. Heating  1 Central F  HVAC DISTR Location  ADU	EMS ng numace RIBUTION Hea	Min. E	ff Co	oling it Air Condit	Milioner 14.0	n. Eff	Thei Setback	Ouct	Status New
Qty. Heating 1 Central F  HVAC DISTR	EMS ng numace RIBUTION Hea	Min. Et	ff Co	oling it Air Condit	Militioner 14.0  Duct Loc  Attic	n. Eff	Thei Setback	Ouct R-Value	Status New Status
Qty. Heating  1 Central F  HVAC DISTRACTION  ADU  WATER HEAT  Qty. Type	EMS ng numace RIBUTION Hea	Min. Et	ff Co	oling it Air Condit oling	Militioner 14.0  Duct Loc  Attic	n. Eff	Thei Setback	Ouct R-Value	Status New Status
Qty. Heating  1 Central F  HVAC DISTRACTION  ADU  WATER HEAT  Qty. Type	EMS ng rumace RIBUTION Hea Ducted	Min. Et	ff Co	oling it Air Condit	Militioner 14.0  Duct Loc  Attic	n. Eff	Thei Setback	Ouct R-Value	Status New Status Status

(01/2020)	
Building Envelo	pe Measures:
§ 110.6(a)1:	Air Leakage. Manufactured fenestration, exterior doors, and exterior pet doors must limit air leakage to 0.3 CFM per square foot or less when tested per NFRC-400, ASTM E283 or AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-2011.*
§ 110.6(a)5:	Labeling. Fenestration products and exterior doors must have a label meeting the requirements of § 10-111(a).
§ 110.6(b):	Field fabricated exterior doors and fenestration products must use U-factors and solar heat gain coefficient (SHGC) values from Tables 110.6-A, 110.6-B, or JA4.5 for exterior doors. They must be caulked and/or weather-stripped.*
§ 110.7:	Air Leakage. All joints, penetrations, and other openings in the building envelope that are potential sources of air leakage must be caulked, gasketed, or weather stripped.
§ 110.8(a):	Insulation Certification by Manufacturers. Insulation must be certified by the Department of Consumer Affairs, Bureau of Household Goods and Services (BHGS).
§ 110.8(g):	Insulation Requirements for Heated Slab Floors. Heated slab floors must be insulated per the requirements of § 110.8(g).
§ 110.8(i):	Roofing Products Solar Reflectance and Thermal Emittance. The thermal emittance and aged solar reflectance values of the roofing material must meet the requirements of § 110.8(i) and be labeled per §10-113 when the installation of a cool roof is specified on the CF1R.
§ 110.8(j):	Radiant Barrier. When required, radiant barriers must have an emittance of 0.05 or less and be certified to the Department of Consumer Affair
§ 150.0(a):	Ceiling and Rafter Roof Insulation. Minimum R-22 insulation in wood-frame ceiling; or the weighted average U-factor must not exceed 0.043 Minimum R-19 or weighted average U-factor of 0.054 or less in a rafter roof alteration. Attic access doors must have permanently attached insulation using adhesive or mechanical fasteners. The attic access must be gasketed to prevent air leakage. Insulation must be installed in direct contact with a continuous roof or ceiling which is sealed to limit infiltration and exfiltration as specified in § 110.7, including but not limited to placing insulation either above or below the roof deck or on top of a drywall ceiling."
§ 150.0(b):	Loose-fill Insulation. Loose fill insulation must meet the manufacturer's required density for the labeled R-value.
§ 150.0(c):	Wall Insulation. Minimum R-13 insulation in 2x4 inch wood framing wall or have a U-factor of 0.102 or less, or R-20 in 2x6 inch wood framing have a U-factor of 0.071 or less. Opaque non-framed assemblies must have an overall assembly U-factor not exceeding 0.102. Masonry walls must meet Tables 150.1-A or B.
§ 150.0(d):	Raised-floor Insulation. Minimum R-19 insulation in raised wood framed floor or 0.037 maximum U-factor.*
§ 150.0(f):	Slab Edge Insulation. Slab edge insulation must meet all of the following: have a water absorption rate, for the insulation material alone witho facings, no greater than 0.3 percent; have a water vapor permeance no greater than 2.0 perm per inch; be protected from physical damage and UV light deterioration; and, when installed as part of a heated slab floor, meet the requirements of § 110.8(g).
§ 150.0(g)1:	Vapor Retarder. In climate zones 1 through 16, the earth floor of unvented crawl space must be covered with a Class I or Class II vapor retarder. This requirement also applies to controlled ventilation crawl space for buildings complying with the exception to § 150.0(d).  Vapor Retarder. In climate zones 14 and 16, a Class I or Class II vapor retarder must be installed on the conditioned space side of all
§ 150.0(g)2:	insulation in all exterior walls, vented attics, and unvented attics with air-permeable insulation.  Fenestration Products. Fenestration, including skylights, separating conditioned space from unconditioned space or outdoors must have a
§ 150.0(q):	maximum U-factor of 0.58; or the weighted average U-factor of all fenestration must not exceed 0.58.*
Fireplaces, Deco	rative Gas Appliances, and Gas Log Measures:
§ 110.5(e)	Pilot Light. Continuously burning pilot lights are not allowed for indoor and outdoor fireplaces.
§ 150.0(e)1:	Closable Doors. Masonry or factory-built fireplaces must have a closable metal or glass door covering the entire opening of the firebox.
§ 150.0(e)2:	Combustion Intake. Masonry or factory-built fireplaces must have a combustion outside air intake, which is at least six square inches in area and is equipped with a readily accessible, operable, and tight-fitting damper or combustion-air control device.*
§ 150.0(e)3:	Flue Damper. Masonry or factory-built fireplaces must have a flue damper with a readily accessible control.*
Space Condition	ing, Water Heating, and Plumbing System Measures:
§ 110.0-§ 110.3:	Certification. Heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC) equipment, water heaters, showerheads, faucets, and all other regulated appliances must be certified by the manufacturer to the California Energy Commission.*
§ 110.2(a):	HVAC Efficiency. Equipment must meet the applicable efficiency requirements in Table 110.2-A through Table 110.2-K.*
§ 110.2(b):	Controls for Heat Pumps with Supplementary Electric Resistance Heaters. Heat pumps with supplementary electric resistance heaters must have controls that prevent supplementary heater operation when the heating load can be met by the heat pump alone; and in which the cut-on temperature for compression heating is higher than the cut-on temperature for supplementary heating, and the cut-off temperature for compression heating is higher than the cut-off temperature for supplementary heating.*
§ 110.2(c):	Thermostats. All heating or cooling systems not controlled by a central energy management control system (EMCS) must have a setback thermostat.*
§ 110.3(c)4:	Water Heating Recirculation Loops Serving Multiple Dwelling Units. Water heating recirculation loops serving multiple dwelling units must meet the air release valve, backflow prevention, pump priming, pump isolation valve, and recirculation loop connection requirements of § 110.3(c)4.
§ 110.3(c)6:	<b>Isolation Valves.</b> Instantaneous water heaters with an input rating greater than 6.8 kBtu per hour (2 kW) must have isolation valves with hose bibbs or other fittings on both cold and hot water lines to allow for flushing the water heater when the valves are closed.
§ 110.5:	Pilot Lights. Continuously burning pilot lights are prohibited for natural gas: fan-type central furnaces; household cooking appliances (except appliances without an electrical supply voltage connection with pilot lights that consume less than 150 Btu per hour); and pool and spa heaters.
§ 150.0(h)1:	Building Cooling and Heating Loads. Heating and/or cooling loads are calculated in accordance with the ASHRAE Handbook, Equipment Volume, Applications Volume, and Fundamentals Volume; the SMACNA Residential Comfort System Installation Standards

§ 150.0(h)3A:	Clearances. Air conditioner and heat pump outdoor condensing units must have a clearance of at least five feet from the outlet of any dryer
	Liquid Line Drier. Air conditioners and heat pump systems must be equipped with liquid line filter driers if required, as specified by the
§ 150.0(h)3B: § 150.0(j)1:	manufacturer's instructions.  Storage Tank Insulation. Unfired hot water tanks, such as storage tanks and backup storage tanks for solar water-heating systems, must have a minimum of R-12 external insulation or R-16 internal insulation where the internal insulation R-value is indicated on the exterior of the tank.
§ 150.0(j)2A:	Water Piping, Solar Water-heating System Piping, and Space Conditioning System Line Insulation. All domestic hot water piping must be insulated as specified in Section 609.11 of the California Plumbing Code. In addition, the following piping conditions must have a minimum insulation wall thickness of one inch or a minimum insulation R-value of 7.7: the first five feet of cold water pipes from the storage tank; all hot water piping with a nominal diameter equal to or greater than 3/4 inch and less than one inch; all hot water piping with a nominal diameter less than 3/4 inch that is: associated with a domestic hot water recirculation system, from the heating source to storage tank or between tanks, buried below grade, and from the heating source to kitchen fixtures.*
§ 150.0(j)3:	Insulation Protection. Piping insulation must be protected from damage, including that due to sunlight, moisture, equipment maintenance, and wind as required by Section 120.3(b). Insulation exposed to weather must be water retardant and protected from UV light (no adhesive tapes). Insulation covering chilled water piping and refrigerant suction piping located outside the conditioned space must include, or be protected by, a Class I or Class II vapor retarder. Pipe insulation buried below grade must be installed in a waterproof and non-crushable casing or sleeve.
§ 150.0(n)1:	Gas or Propane Water Heating Systems. Systems using gas or propane water heaters to serve individual dwelling units must include all of the following: A dedicated 125 volt, 20 amp electrical receptacle connected to the electric panel with a 120/240 volt 3 conductor, 10 AWG copper branch circuit, within three feet of the water heater without obstruction. Both ends of the unused conductor must be labeled with the word "spare" and be electrically isolated. Have a reserved single pole circuit breaker space in the electrical panel adjacent to the circuit breaker for the branch circuit and labeled with the words "Future 240V Use"; a Category III or IV vent, or a Type B vent with straight pipe between the outside termination and the space where the water heater is installed; a condensate drain that is no more than two inches higher than the base of the water heater, and allows natural draining without pump assistance; and a gas supply line with a capacity of at least 200,000 Btu per hour
§ 150.0(n)2:	Recirculating Loops. Recirculating loops serving multiple dwelling units must meet the requirements of § 110.3(c)5.
§ 150.0(n)3:	Solar Water-heating Systems. Solar water-heating systems and collectors must be certified and rated by the Solar Rating and Certification Corporation (SRCC), the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials, Research and Testing (IAPMO R&T), or by a listing agency that is approved by the Executive Director.
Ducts and Fans	Measures:
§ 110.8(d)3:	<b>Ducts.</b> Insulation installed on an existing space-conditioning duct must comply with § 604.0 of the California Mechanical Code (CMC). If a contractor installs the insulation, the contractor must certify to the customer, in writing, that the insulation meets this requirement.
§ 150.0(m)1:	CMC Compliance. All air-distribution system ducts and plenums must meet the requirements of the CMC §§ 601.0, 602.0, 603.0, 604.0, 605.0 and ANSI/SMACNA-006-2006 HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible 3rd Edition. Portions of supply-air and return-air ducts and plenums must be insulated to a minimum installed level of R-6.0 or a minimum installed level of R-4.2 when ducts are entirely in conditioned space as confirmed through field verification and diagnostic testing (RA3.1.4.3.8). Portions of the duct system completely exposed and surrounded by directly conditioned space are not required to be insulated. Connections of metal ducts and inner core of flexible ducts must be mechanically fastened. Openings must be sealed with mastic, tape, or other duct-closure system that meets the applicable requirements of UL 181, UL 181A, or UL 181B or aerosol sealant that meets the requirements of UL 723. If mastic or tape is used to seal openings greater than ¼ inch, the combination of mastic and either mesh or tape must be used. Building cavities, support platforms for air handlers, and plenums designed or constructed with materials other than sealed sheet metal, duct board or flexible duct must not be used to convey conditioned air. Building cavities and support platforms may contain ducts. Ducts installed in cavities and support platforms must not be compressed to cause reductions in the cross-sectional area.*
§ 150.0(m)2:	Factory-Fabricated Duct Systems. Factory-fabricated duct systems must comply with applicable requirements for duct construction, connections, and closures; joints and seams of duct systems and their components must not be sealed with cloth back rubber adhesive duct tapes unless such tape is used in combination with mastic and draw bands.
§ 150.0(m)3:	Field-Fabricated Duct Systems. Field-fabricated duct systems must comply with applicable requirements for: pressure-sensitive tapes, mastics, sealants, and other requirements specified for duct construction.
§ 150.0(m)7:	Backdraft Damper. Fan systems that exchange air between the conditioned space and outdoors must have backdraft or automatic dampers.
§ 150.0(m)8:	<b>Gravity Ventilation Dampers.</b> Gravity ventilating systems serving conditioned space must have either automatic or readily accessible, manually operated dampers in all openings to the outside, except combustion inlet and outlet air openings and elevator shaft vents.
§ 150.0(m)9:	Protection of Insulation. Insulation must be protected from damage, sunlight, moisture, equipment maintenance, and wind. Insulation exposed to weather must be suitable for outdoor service. For example, protected by aluminum, sheet metal, painted canvas, or plastic cover. Cellular foam insulation must be protected as above or painted with a coating that is water retardant and provides shielding from solar radiation.
§ 150.0(m)10:	Porous Inner Core Flex Duct. Porous inner core flex ducts must have a non-porous layer between the inner core and outer vapor barrier.
§ 150.0(m)11:	Duct System Sealing and Leakage Test. When space conditioning systems use forced air duct systems to supply conditioned air to an occupiable space, the ducts must be sealed and duct leakage tested, as confirmed through field verification and diagnostic testing, in accordance with § 150.0(m)11 and Reference Residential Appendix RA3.

Air Filtration. Space conditioning systems with ducts exceeding 10 feet and the supply side of ventilation systems must have MERV 13 or equivalent filters. Filters for space conditioning systems must have a two inch depth or can be one inch if sized per Equation 150.0-A. Pressure drops and labeling must meet the requirements in §150.0(m)12. Filters must be accessible for regular service.\*

§ 150.0(m)13: per ton of nominal cooling capacity, and an air-handling unit fan efficacy ≤ 0.45 watts per CFM for all others. Small duct high velocity systems must provide an airflow ≥ 250 CFM per ton of nominal cooling capacity, and an air-handling unit fan efficacy ≤ 0.62 watts per CFM. Field verification testing is required in accordance with Reference Residential Appendix RA3.3.\*

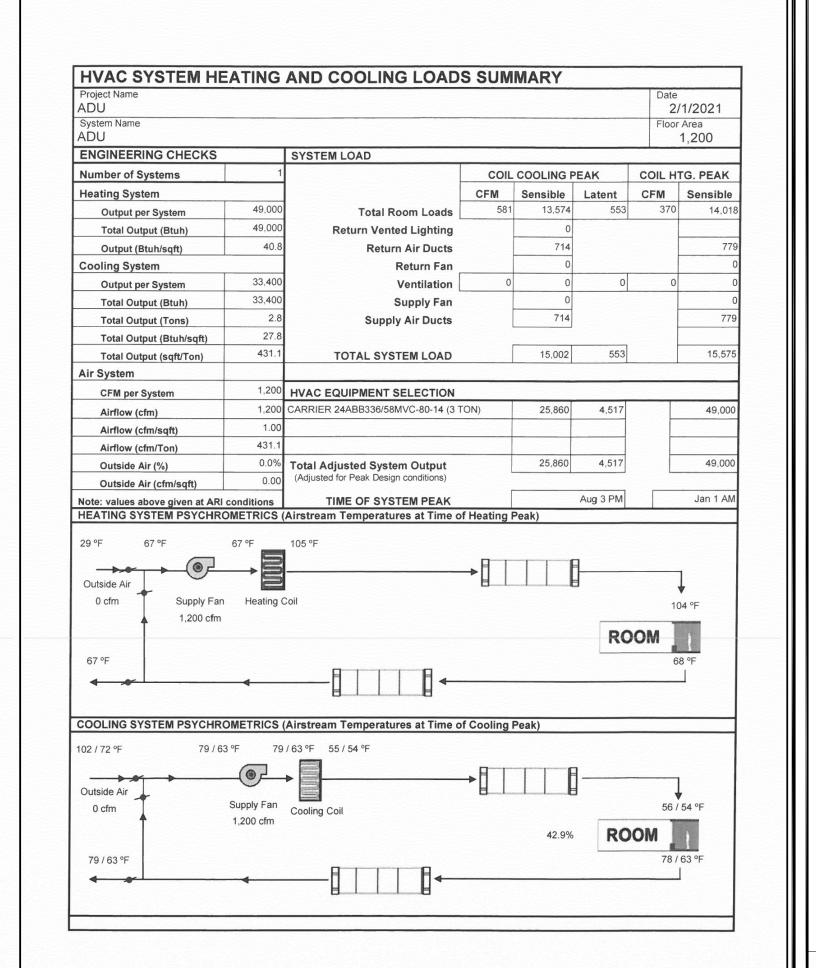
Space Conditioning System Airflow Rate and Fan Efficacy. Space conditioning systems that use ducts to supply cooling must have a hole for the placement of a static pressure probe, or a permanently installed static pressure probe in the supply plenum. Airflow must be ≥ 350 CFM

2019 Low-Rise Residential Mandatory Measures Summary

Requirements	for Ventilation and Indoor Air Quality:
§ 150.0(o)1:	Requirements for Ventilation and Indoor Air Quality. All dwelling units must meet the requirements of ASHRAE Standard 62.2, Ventilation and Acceptable Indoor Air Quality in Residential Buildings subject to the amendments specified in § 150.0(o)1.
§ 150.0(o)1C:	Single Family Detached Dwelling Units. Single family detached dwelling units, and attached dwelling units not sharing ceilings or floors with other dwelling units, occupiable spaces, public garages, or commercial spaces must have mechanical ventilation airflow provided at rates determined by ASHRAE 62.2 Sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2 and as specified in § 150.0(o)1C.
§ 150.0(o)1E:	Multifamily Attached Dwelling Units. Multifamily attached dwelling units must have mechanical ventilation airflow provided at rates in accordance with Equation 150.0-B and must be either a balanced system or continuous supply or continuous exhaust system. If a balanced system is not used, all units in the building must use the same system type and the dwelling-unit envelope leakage must be ≤ 0.3 CFM at 50 Pa (0.2 inch water) per square foot of dwelling unit envelope surface area and verified in accordance with Reference Residential Appendix RA3.8.
§ 150.0(o)1F:	Multifamily Building Central Ventilation Systems. Central ventilation systems that serve multiple dwelling units must be balanced to provide ventilation airflow for each dwelling unit served at a rate equal to or greater than the rate specified by Equation 150.0-B. All unit airflows must be within 20 percent of the unit with the lowest airflow rate as it relates to the individual unit's minimum required airflow rate needed for compliance.
§ 150.0(o)1G:	Kitchen Range Hoods. Kitchen range hoods must be rated for sound in accordance with Section 7.2 of ASHRAE 62.2.
§ 150.0(o)2:	Field Verification and Diagnostic Testing. Dwelling unit ventilation airflow must be verified in accordance with Reference Residential Appendix RA3.7. A kitchen range hood must be verified in accordance with Reference Residential Appendix RA3.7.4.3 to confirm it is rated by HVI to comply with the airflow rates and sound requirements as specified in Section 5 and 7.2 of ASHRAE 62.2.
Pool and Spa S	ystems and Equipment Measures:
§ 110.4(a):	Certification by Manufacturers. Any pool or spa heating system or equipment must be certified to have all of the following: a thermal efficiency that complies with the Appliance Efficiency Regulations; an on-off switch mounted outside of the heater that allows shutting off the heater without adjusting the thermostat setting; a permanent weatherproof plate or card with operating instructions; and must not use electric resistance heating.*
§ 110.4(b)1:	<b>Piping.</b> Any pool or spa heating system or equipment must be installed with at least 36 inches of pipe between the filter and the heater, or dedicated suction and return lines, or built-in or built-up connections to allow for future solar heating.
§ 110.4(b)2:	Covers. Outdoor pools or spas that have a heat pump or gas heater must have a cover.
§ 110.4(b)3:	Directional Inlets and Time Switches for Pools. Pools must have directional inlets that adequately mix the pool water, and a time switch that will allow all pumps to be set or programmed to run only during off-peak electric demand periods.
§ 110.5:	Pilot Light. Natural gas pool and spa heaters must not have a continuously burning pilot light.
§ 150.0(p):	Pool Systems and Equipment Installation. Residential pool systems or equipment must meet the specified requirements for pump sizing, flow rate, piping, filters, and valves.*
Lighting Measu	
§ 110.9:	<b>Lighting Controls and Components.</b> All lighting control devices and systems, ballasts, and luminaires must meet the applicable requirements of § 110.9.*
§ 150.0(k)1A:	Luminaire Efficacy. All installed luminaires must meet the requirements in Table 150.0-A.
§ 150.0(k)1B:	Blank Electrical Boxes. The number of electrical boxes that are more than five feet above the finished floor and do not contain a luminaire or other device must be no greater than the number of bedrooms. These electrical boxes must be served by a dimmer, vacancy sensor control, or fan speed control.
§ 150.0(k)1C:	Recessed Downlight Luminaires in Ceilings. Luminaires recessed into ceilings must meet all of the requirements for: insulation contact (IC) labeling; air leakage; sealing; maintenance; and socket and light source as described in § 150.0(k)1C.
§ 150.0(k)1D:	Electronic Ballasts for Fluorescent Lamps. Ballasts for fluorescent lamps rated 13 watts or greater must be electronic and must have an output frequency no less than 20 kHz.
§ 150.0(k)1E:	Night Lights, Step Lights, and Path Lights. Night lights, step lights and path lights are not required to comply with Table 150.0-A or be controlled by vacancy sensors provided they are rated to consume no more than 5 watts of power and emit no more than 150 lumens.
§ 150.0(k)1F:	Lighting Integral to Exhaust Fans. Lighting integral to exhaust fans (except when installed by the manufacturer in kitchen exhaust hoods) must meet the applicable requirements of § 150.0(k).*
§ 150.0(k)1G:	Screw based luminaires. Screw based luminaires must contain lamps that comply with Reference Joint Appendix JA8.*
§ 150.0(k)1H:	Light Sources in Enclosed or Recessed Luminaires. Lamps and other separable light sources that are not compliant with the JA8 elevated temperature requirements, including marking requirements, must not be installed in enclosed or recessed luminaires.
§ 150.0(k)1I:	Light Sources in Drawers, Cabinets, and Linen Closets. Light sources internal to drawers, cabinetry or linen closets are not required to comply with Table 150.0-A or be controlled by vacancy sensors provided that they are rated to consume no more than 5 watts of power, emit no more than 150 lumens, and are equipped with controls that automatically turn the lighting off when the drawer, cabinet or linen closet is closed.
§ 150.0(k)2A:	Interior Switches and Controls. All forward phase cut dimmers used with LED light sources must comply with NEMA SSL 7A.
§ 150.0(k)2B:	Interior Switches and Controls. Exhaust fans must be controlled separately from lighting systems.*
§ 150.0(k)2C:	Interior Switches and Controls. Lighting must have readily accessible wall-mounted controls that allow the lighting to be manually turned ON and OFF.*
§ 150.0(k)2D:	Interior Switches and Controls. Controls and equipment must be installed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
§ 150.0(k)2E:	Interior Switches and Controls. Controls must not bypass a dimmer, occupant sensor, or vacancy sensor function if the control is installed to comply with § 150.0(k).
§ 150.0(k)2F:	Interior Switches and Controls. Lighting controls must comply with the applicable requirements of § 110.9.

§ 150.0(k)2G:	Interior Switches and Controls. An energy management control system (EMCS) may be used to comply with control requirements if it: provides functionality of the specified control according to § 110.9; meets the Installation Certificate requirements of § 130.4; meets the
§ 150.0(k)2H:	EMCS requirements of § 130.0(e); and meets all other requirements in § 150.0(k)2.  Interior Switches and Controls. A multiscene programmable controller may be used to comply with dimmer requirements in § 150.0(k) if it provides the functionality of a dimmer according to § 110.9, and complies with all other applicable requirements in § 150.0(k)2.
§ 150.0(k)2I:	Interior Switches and Controls. In bathrooms, garages, laundry rooms, and utility rooms, at least one luminaire in each of these spaces must be controlled by an occupant sensor or a vacancy sensor providing automatic-off functionality. If an occupant sensor is installed, it must be initially configured to manual-on operation using the manual control required under Section 150.0(k)2C.
§ 150.0(k)2J:	Interior Switches and Controls. Luminaires that are or contain light sources that meet Reference Joint Appendix JA8 requirements for dimming, and that are not controlled by occupancy or vacancy sensors, must have dimming controls.*
§ 150.0(k)2K:	Interior Switches and Controls. Under cabinet lighting must be controlled separately from ceiling-installed lighting systems.
§ 150.0(k)3A:	Residential Outdoor Lighting. For single-family residential buildings, outdoor lighting permanently mounted to a residential building, or to other buildings on the same lot, must meet the requirement in item § 150.0(k)3Ai (ON and OFF switch) and the requirements in either § 150.0(k)3Aii (photocell and either a motion sensor or automatic time switch control) or § 150.0(k)3Aii (astronomical time clock), or an EMCS.
§ 150.0(k)3B:	Residential Outdoor Lighting. For low-rise residential buildings with four or more dwelling units, outdoor lighting for private patios, entrances, balconies, and porches; and residential parking lots and carports with less than eight vehicles per site must comply with either § 150.0(k)3A or with the applicable requirements in Sections 110.9, 130.0, 130.2, 130.4, 140.7 and 141.0.
§ 150.0(k)3C:	Residential Outdoor Lighting. For low-rise residential buildings with four or more dwelling units, any outdoor lighting for residential parking lots or carports with a total of eight or more vehicles per site and any outdoor lighting not regulated by § 150.0(k)3B or § 150.0(k)3D must comply with the applicable requirements in Sections 110.9, 130.0, 130.2, 130.4, 140.7 and 141.0.
§ 150.0(k)4:	Internally illuminated address signs. Internally illuminated address signs must comply with § 140.8; or must consume no more than 5 watts of power as determined according to § 130.0(c).
§ 150.0(k)5:	Residential Garages for Eight or More Vehicles. Lighting for residential parking garages for eight or more vehicles must comply with the applicable requirements for nonresidential garages in Sections 110.9, 130.0, 130.1, 130.4, 140.6, and 141.0.
§ 150.0(k)6A:	Interior Common Areas of Low-rise Multifamily Residential Buildings. In a low-rise multifamily residential building where the total interior common area in a single building equals 20 percent or less of the floor area, permanently installed lighting for the interior common areas in that building must be comply with Table 150.0-A and be controlled by an occupant sensor.
§ 150.0(k)6B:	Interior Common Areas of Low-rise Multifamily Residential Buildings. In a low-rise multifamily residential building where the total interior common area in a single building equals more than 20 percent of the floor area, permanently installed lighting for the interior common areas in that building must:  i. Comply with the applicable requirements in Sections 110.9, 130.0, 130.1, 140.6 and 141.0; and  ii. Lighting installed in corridors and stairwells must be controlled by occupant sensors that reduce the lighting power in each space by at least 50 percent. The occupant sensors must be capable of turning the light fully on and off from all designed paths of ingress and egress.
Solar Ready Bui	ldings:
§ 110.10(a)1:	Single Family Residences. Single family residences located in subdivisions with 10 or more single family residences and where the application for a tentative subdivision map for the residences has been deemed complete and approved by the enforcement agency, which do not have a photovoltaic system installed, must comply with the requirements of § 110.10(b) through § 110.10(e).
§ 110.10(a)2:	Low-rise Multifamily Buildings. Low-rise multi-family buildings that do not have a photovoltaic system installed must comply with the requirements of § 110.10(b) through § 110.10(d).
§ 110.10(b)1:	Minimum Solar Zone Area. The solar zone must have a minimum total area as described below. The solar zone must comply with access, pathway, smoke ventilation, and spacing requirements as specified in Title 24, Part 9 or other parts of Title 24 or in any requirements adopted by a local jurisdiction. The solar zone total area must be comprised of areas that have no dimension less than 5 feet and are no less than 80 square feet each for buildings with roof areas less than or equal to 10,000 square feet or no less than 160 square feet each for buildings with roof areas greater than 10,000 square feet. For single family residences, the solar zone must be located on the roof or overhang of the building and have a total area no less than 250 square feet. For low-rise multi-family buildings the solar zone must be located on the roof or overhang of the building, or on the roof or overhang of another structure located within 250 feet of the building, or on covered parking installed with the building project, and have a total area no less than 15 percent of the total roof area of the building excluding any skylight area. The solar zone requirement is applicable to the entire building, including mixed occupancy.*
§ 110.10(b)2:	Azimuth. All sections of the solar zone located on steep-sloped roofs must be oriented between 90 degrees and 300 degrees of true north.
§ 110.10(b)3A:	Shading. The solar zone must not contain any obstructions, including but not limited to: vents, chimneys, architectural features, and roof mounted equipment.*
§ 110.10(b)3B:	<b>Shading.</b> Any obstruction located on the roof or any other part of the building that projects above a solar zone must be located at least twice the distance, measured in the horizontal plane, of the height difference between the highest point of the obstruction and the horizontal projection of the nearest point of the solar zone, measured in the vertical plane."
§ 110.10(b)4:	Structural Design Loads on Construction Documents. For areas of the roof designated as a solar zone, the structural design loads for roof dead load and roof live load must be clearly indicated on the construction documents.
§ 110.10(c):	Interconnection Pathways. The construction documents must indicate: a location reserved for inverters and metering equipment and a pathway reserved for routing of conduit from the solar zone to the point of interconnection with the electrical service; and for single family residences and central water-heating systems, a pathway reserved for routing plumbing from the solar zone to the water-heating system.
§ 110.10(d):	<b>Documentation.</b> A copy of the construction documents or a comparable document indicating the information from § 110.10(b) through § 110.10(c) must be provided to the occupant.
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§ 110.10(e)1:	Main Electrical Service Panel. The main electrical service panel must have a minimum busbar rating of 200 amps.

2019 Low-Rise Residential Mandatory Measures Summary





Date **2/1/2021** Job #**G21-1289** 

CITY OF RIVERSIDE

RESIDENTIAL T24 SHEET